Recorder's Office

THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

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By E. B. BOUST.

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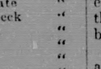

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THE LUCKY MISFORTUNE.

BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT.

[CONCLUDED.]

It was almost evening before he was released from the strict confinement, in which he had been placed immediately after the end of his gymnastic contortions.

Poor Boyd went out of the house and strayed down by the brook, where he had, that morning, committed his unintentional murder. He really felt himself the worst boy, and at the same time the most ill-treated one, that ever lived.

"Tisn't any use," he had said to himself, many times during the day; "the more I try to be good the more I can't. I won't try again, and then I'll see if there is a whipping always ready."

He was meditating upon his own wickedness, for his father had given him a chapter of a dolefully good book to commit to memory, which had increased his remorse, and would probably make him detest such volumes forever—the usual consequence of putting good things to a bad use.

While Boyd sat there in a mood which wavered between grief and obstinancy, at one moment vowing to be a better boy, the next declining that it was of no use to try, and, anyhow, he didn't care, he saw Milly Bamp go down a path which led from the house to the brook—a tumultuous, angry mill-stream that was always overflowing its banks and doing as much harm as possible.

Milly conducted herself in such a singular manner, running a few steps, looking back as if afraid that she was followed, then forcing herself into a gait, which, a moment after, was forgotten in the evident disorder and preoccupation of her mind.

Boyd wondered with all his might what could be the matter, and was on the point of calling out to arrest her attention, when he saw her keep down the path that led through she field at a distance from the house.

Of course Satan at once put it in the young scape-grace's head to follow her, and he did so, taking care to keep far enough in her wake, so that he should not be perceived.

At last the path made a sudden turn, and came out by the brook again in the midst of a little thicket of saplings and alder bushes which screened it from the dwelling.

There Milly paused, and behind the alder bushes Boyd ensconced himself, perfectly overcome with astonishment, when a young man started up from the grass and joined the girl.

"That's James Ferguson," said he to himself, and bit his tongue to keep the words from coming out in a tone that would have been audible to the pair standing by the brook. "I should just like to know what he wants of our Milly, anyhow!"

Boyd was sorely puzzled! Thoughts of all the dreadful murders his father had read came to his mind, and his first impulse was to scream; but just then he saw Milly lay her hand in Ferguson's as if she did not feel the slightest fear, so Boyd concluded to postpone his shriek, and waited to see what would come next.

Poor Milly Bamp had a little romance and mystery of her own—at least she had possessed one; but with those great round eyes staring at her, it was doubtful if it long remained such.

Milly's mother was a widow, a hard-working, energetic woman who had buried a drunken husband many years before, and got along a great deal better without him, although left with a large family of young children upon her hands. Of these Milly was the oldest, and she had been early placed at service that she might do something towards the maintenance of her little brothers and sisters.

Milly was nearly eighteen now and as pretty a specimen of the country girl as could have been found in the whole country. Mrs. Thurstan proved a kind mistress, and Milly had been allowed, each winter, to attend the village school, making such good use of her time that she became quite a miracle of learning in the eyes of the young farmers in the neighborhood.

But like every other girl of her age, Milly had a restless little heart which soon brought her into trouble. James Ferguson had been her boy lover, and as soon as they were old enough, he assured Milly that he had no intention of relinquishing his claims. He was a fine, noble-hearted young fellow, but very poor; he supported his aged parents by his labors in the mill that stood half a mile down the stream from Mr. Thurstan's house.

Now Mrs. Bamp, Milly's energetic mother, was as long-sighted, clear-headed, and cold-hearted a female as ever New England produced. She had been early transplanted into another state, but it had made no difference—she was born Massachusetts, and Mass chusetts she would remain, until it pleased heaven to make her a seraph, or whatever grade of perfection she might chance to take in the upper spheres.

In the plentitude of her wisdom she had always disapproved of the childish attachment between her daughter and James Ferguson; but when they grew up, and the youthful affection ripened into a warmer feeling, Mrs. Bamp rose in her wrath and decided that such things should not be.

To make matters worse, the miller for whom James worked, a coarse, peevish, demijohn-stomached old bachelor as ever lived, took it into his foolish head, that ought to have known better from the teachings of his fifty years, to fall in love, likewise, with pretty Milly. As might have been expected, she treated his advances with the most unqualified disdain, snubbed him unmercifully, and never failed to make him appear as ridiculous as possble when they met at parties or sleigh-rides, and was the first to laugh at his misfortunes after. At last he made his passion known to the mother, and at once enlisted her upon his side. She lectured, she scolded, and nearly drove poor Milly frantic. Never was there so ungracious a daughter—here was an opportunity for her to live like a lady all the rest of her born days, and take care of her own family—and yet she had the hard-heartedness to refuse!

Milly wept and was cut to the soul, but remained firm in her refusal of the Miller's hand and fortune. Things had reached a climax very suddenly, for Mrs. Bamp, with her usual decision, turned James Ferguson out of the house one Sunday evening, boxed Milly's ears, administered the other cuffs that still tingled in her fingers to every luckless urchin that fell in her way, and sent the whole flock crying to bed, while she sat down to solace herself with a cup of strong tea, and reflect upon such means as would be effectual in subduing her daughter's obstinancy.

The next morning, Milly went back to her duties at Mr. Thurstan's quite broken-hearted. For nearly a fortnight she saw nothing of James, but at length he took to sending her such desperate letters by all sorts of ingenious means, that Milly became alarmed at the frantic state in which he had been thrown.

Perhaps the epithets were a little uncouth in their appearance, might have shocked Lindley Murray by their syntax and orthography; but they expressed the sentiments of as noble and honest a heart as ever beat with the earnestness of a first love, and to Milly they were everything that was charming and beautiful.

She cried over them, she kissed them, carried them in her bosom, and slept with them under her pillow, went through the whole catalogue of pretty follies, that young souls of every degree have practiced since the days of Adam and Eve, for hearts are the same in all ages and stations—that is, if poets are to be credited, and, I suppose, there is no reason why they should not occasionally be guilty of the weakness of telling the truth as well as other people.

The letters waxed so desperate, giving hints of such terrible resolves—not suicide, he was too sensible for that, but a determination to go far away forever—that Milly became terribly frightened, and, in spite of her mother's threats, she promised to meet him once more.

It was to fulfill that pledge she had left the house with so much secrecy upon the occasion that Boyd's sharp eyes espied her, and Boyd's nimble little legs followed in her track as she took her way to the alder thicket where James Ferguson was waiting for her.

There the boy crouched among the bushes and listened to their conversation, not with any thought of being guilty of a mean action; even then he would have scorned that; but possessed with a vague idea that Milly was in danger and would require his assistance, and after a little, so fascinated by the lovers' dialogue that he could not have torn himself away had he tried.

"Oh, Milly, Milly!" exclaimed the young man, lifting his pale, troubled face, "such a week as this has been! I hain't slept night or day—how could you be so cruel to me, Milly?"

"Wasn't it harder for me," she replied, giving way to the sobs that had struggled in her breast during all those weary days, "with mother scolding and threatening on one side, and you and my heart pulling the other?"

"Don't I know that?" he said, "don't I know that? Didn't I think of it every night while I was walking up and down in the mill, and fairly thought the big stones were grinding my heart between them."

"I thought maybe he wouldn't keep you," returned Milly, hysterically, "for mother told him all about it, and I couldn't tell what you would do, and your old father and—"

"You don't think I would stay in his employ," interrupted James; "you don't suppose I am such a mean-spirited scamp as to work for the man that was trying to stab me through the heart! I staid with him till my month was up, 'cause I had to—that was last night, and when he paid me, the money fairly burnt into my hand—I had a mind to throw it in his face, but I thought of poor old mother and I didn't have the heart."

"What did he say?" questioned Milly, eagerly?"

"Says I, 'Mr. Follen, I can't work for you any longer.' 'Oh,' says he, with that smile of his that always makes my blood boil, 'just as you like, James, just as you like—work's scarce, and men are plenty.'

"I know he lied, for he couldn't find a man that will look after his work as I did, and keep everything in order."

"You were there day and night," broke in Milly, between two great sobs.

"To be sure I was; but that's no matter—I was doing my duty, and that's what I always will do, come what may."

"Did he say anything more?" asked Milly.

"After a minute he moved off, and then he came back fumbling with his watch-chain, and I just stood looking right into his eyes till he turned first this way and then that, like a coward as he is.

"'James,' says he, 'you're a foolish young fellow, very foolish!'

"'Sir,' said I, 'whatever I am is my business. I don't want to work for you any longer, and I won't.'

"'What's your reason?' he asked.

"'You know as well as I do,' said I, 'tisn't necessary for us to talk over that part of it.'

"Then he hemmed, and turned his head first one way and then the other.

"'James,' said he, 'you young chaps are so hair-brained, now if you'll listen to the advice of a man older than yourself—'

"'Thank you,' said I, before he could go any farther, 'you're old enough in all conscience, but I don't want any advice you can give me, Mr. Follen.'

"He was mad at that, and spoke out very sharp.

"'There's just one thing about it,' said he, 'you may as well stop all thoughts of that young girl, for her mother says you never shall marry her.'

"'And who will?' I asked.

He gave a little chuckle that made me clinch my hands to keep from striking him.

"'There's several that would be willing,' said he.

"'And I suppose you are one,' I answered.

"'Maybe so, and maybe not,' he said, sticking out his chin.

"I went close to him, and he kept backing out till he came near going down stairs head foremost, and said I,

"'I'll just tell you one thing, Mr. Follen; you never shall marry Milly Bamp. She hates you fairly, and her old goose of a mother shan't spoil her whole life! Now if you bother her any more, there'll be a settlement between you and me that you won't forget in a hurry—you remember that.'

"He turned white as a flour-bag and begun to stutter, 'Take care of the law, James, the law!'

"Says I, 'I'll take care of the law and you too, mind my words, Mr. Follen.'

"He never said a syllable more, but just skulked down stairs like a whipped dog; and when he got to the bottom, he called out, mean spirited old hound as he is,

"'James, won't you tend the mill till to-morrow, I'm afraid to trust Higgins?'

"I'd have died before I would have asked a favor of a man I had a feeling against! 'No,' I called out, 'I'll see you and your mill ruined first!'

"With that I just put on my coat and come away: I was afraid of myself if I staid any longer."

"And what will you do now?" asked Milly, trembling between fear of the future and delight at her lover's courage. "You must have work for your mother's sake. What will you do?"

"I'll find plenty, don't you be afraid, Milly. I can get a place to-morrow for the asking, and higher wages than the old skinflint gave.—There ain't no better miller round, if I do say it; and I shan't starve. I've took care of father and mother ever since I was sixteen years old, and 'tain't likely I shall let 'em go hungry now."

Milly was crying so that he had to stop and comfort her, and his efforts elicited from the astonished Boyd an, "Oh, my!" which might have reached the ears of the lovers had they not been wholly occupied with themselves and their troubles.

"You won't let your mother worry you into marrying him?" James was saying when Boyd recovered his senses. "She'll plague your life out, and you're such a soft-hearted little thing, Milly!"

"I know I'm right, James, and she can't move me! I'd do anything for mother and the children; but I can't marry Isaac Follen."

"I'll give you a better home, some day, than he could," returned James; "if your mother would only have a little patience, but she's so set up, Milly, and she thinks so much of money."

"Mother has had to work hard," said Milly, gently; "I don't blame her much for wanting to make her life easier, but she oughtn't to break my heart to do it."

"She shan't, Milly, she shan't. She hasn't any right to make her other children happy at your expense; and, any how, old Follen wouldn't help her, she needn't think that, for he'd shove her off as cool as a winter day when once he had got all he wanted."

"I know that," said Milly, with a sudden burst of anger; and I hate him, I do hate him! Only last night mother sent me to come home, but I knew she wanted me to see him, and I would'nt go."

"Was she put out by that?"

"It makes me sick to think of it," said Milly, sitting down on the grass very pale and tearless. "Oh, James! she said such awful things—she told me a curse would follow me—she threatened me so dreadfully. Don't ask me to tell you, I can't!"

"Hard-hearted old dragon!" muttered James, for the idea of any one being cruel to Milly enraged him beyond everything that had gone before.

There followed sobs and protestations, all the wild talk that was natural under the circumstances, and James even urged her to marry him in spite of every obstacle. They could make a living—they were young and strong, and need not be afraid if they were only together.

But there Milly was firm. She would not wreck the peace of a whole life by marrying a man utterly detestable to her; but neither would she cast the blackness of a mother's hate across her only chance of happiness.

"I must go back, James," she said, "its almost dark, and Mrs. Thurstan will want me."

"But you'll come again, Milly? I must see you, I shan't have any heart or courage without that! And do write to me, Milly—I ain't much of a scholar, but your letters do me such a world of good."

"I can't," sobbed Milly, "I must mind mother! I oughtn't to have come to-day—oh! James, don't ask me to make a quarrel between her and me! I promise you I never will marry Mr. Follen; but in everything else I must do what mother says."

"She has no right to make you miserable," urged James, with all the selfishness of a man; "you are a woman now, you ought to know what is for your happiness and do it."

"Don't talk so, James, don't!"

"I shall go away; I won't stay here to be tormented like this."

"Oh! James, don't you be more cruel than mother is; you may break my heart, but you can't make me do a thing I know is wrong."

Then there were more tears and protestations, and in the midst of their distress, Boyd Thurstan rolled out of the alder bushes and landed at their feet. The sight of their tears and troubles had set him sobbing in a frantic manner, and losing his hold of the branches, he tumbled down the bank, causing great dismay on Milly's part, and much wrath on that of James.

"Oh! oh!" she screamed.

"Don't, don't!" sobbed Boyd. "It's only me, Milly, it's only me, and I'm so sorry—I'll go to mamma and make her help you! I hate old Follen, nasty old thing, and your mother too—I hate 'em both and all the children."

"Hurra for you!" exclaimed James, seizing him in his arms, while Milly stared in great astonishment.

"Why, how came you here?" she said, "I shouldn't have thought you would have listened, Boyd."

"I didn't—I couldn't help hearing! I only followed you first for fun, and you went to crying so that I cried, too, and then the branch broke and down I came, and I've scratched my leg. Oh! oh!"

"I wouldn't cry for that," said James; "don't be a baby!"

"I ain't! I cried 'cause I was sorry for Milly; and you cried, Jim Ferguson, you know you did."

"Well, I'm afraid I did," said James, drawing his coat sleeve across his eyes.

"Come right home, Boyd," said Milly; "and if you tell of me I shall be dreadfully punished."

"I won't, you know I won't, I ain't a telltale!"

He scrambled out of James' arms, and fell to kissing her with such energy that the young man removed him a little jealously.

"He's an honest boy," said Milly, "and he won't tell!"

"No, indeed," added Boyd, waxing eloquent at the idea of his importance. "I know how to keep a secret—Miss Edgeworth says no honorable boy will break one, and I'm an honorable boy, I am!"

"Why, you little trooper!" ejaculated James. "I'll tell you what, I don't know that Miss Edgeworth, but she's right up to the mark in her ideas."

"Yes, and I'll come and tell you about Milly," continued Boyd; "and I'll let Mrs. Bamp know I think she's a mean old thing; and I'll fire my arrow at Ike Follen the first time he goes by our house—so don't cry, Milly,, we can fix it—don't cry!"

His face was red and swollen with weeping, his jacket half torn off him in the fall, but he looked a young hero every inch; and the pair showered such praises and caresses upon him, that he began to think himself a much greater person than even Miss Edgeworth's most remarkable character.

At last, Milly recollected how late it was, and declared that she must go at once. She cleaned Boyd's jacket as well as she was able, pinned up the rent very successfully; and, after numberless farewells, each more painful than the one that went before, she took Boyd by the hand and led him homeward, leaving James in a state of absolute despair, for she vowed that she would never again meet or write to him secretly.

Poor Milly was disconsolate enough for several days; but Boyd went about so puffed up by the possession of a secret, that he looked as arrogant as a turkey-cock, revealing his mystery in every line of his chubby features, as any one of the masculine gender is sure to do if he has a secret to keep. He threw out vague hints to Minnie, and so roused that small female's curiosity, that she shed tears twenty times every day, and was constantly so damp about her face and pinafore as to excite her father's displeasure.

James contrived several times to waylay Boyd and gave him letters to deliver to Milly, and Boyd retailed all the news he could think of, but it was little, and of a nature that only increased the young man's distress.

"She cries and cries, and so does Minnie, only she don't know what for, and her apron is in such a state"—meaning, of courre, Minnie's, although his grammar was doubtful.

Milly read the letters, but never failed to scold Boyd for giving them to her, and she sent no answers.

One day she grew frightened, James wrote so desperately, and she entrusted Boyd with a note to carry to him. The boy was charmed, and started at full speed for the place where he knew James would be waiting.

It unfortunately fell out that Mrs. Bamp had chosen that afternoon to pay her obdurate daughter a visit, and, meeting Boyd near the house, she greeted him with her usual friendliness, as the young gentleman had formerly held her in high esteem.

"I don't want to speak to you," he said, "you are a nasty old thing, you make Milly cry. Just you let go my hand."

But Mrs. Bamp held on to it, and proceeded to deliver him an orthodox lecture upon the penalties in store for bad boys who used such naughty words.

"I don't care!" shouted Boyd; "you be nasty and mean so! Let me alone—darn you! There, go and tell my pa, if you have a mind to!"

Overcome by that grand burst, and the utterance of the wickedest word with which he was acquainted, Boyd began to howl, and Mrs. Bamp was forced to administer consolation. He struggled and pulled, and, in the contest, ont of his cap fell the letter Milly had placed there.

Mrs. Bamp recognized her daughter's writing and confiscated the document at once, breaking the seal and beginning to read it without scruple.

Boyd stamped and kicked her, threw gravel at her, but nothing availed.

"You're a bad boy," said she, "I'll tell your ma of your doings; as for that Milly, won't I teach her a lesson!"

She started for the house and Boyd after her, yelling at the top of his voice,

"I didn't tell, Milly, she stole it—she stole it!"

Milly was thunder-struck when her mother burst into the back porch where she sat over her work, crying more than she sewed: and Boyd's lamentations brought Mr. Thurstan upon the scene.

Milly was in high disgrace, for Mrs. Bamp related the whole story, forgetting her own interest in her passion. In vain gentle Mrs. Thurstan said a few pleading words: her husband waved her aside—administered a thrashing to Boyd upon the spot, and threatened instant dismissal to poor Milly.

The conclave broke up in great confusion; Mrs. Bamp horror-stricken at her own work, Milly a perfect, Niobe, and Mrs. Thurstan much distressed for the girl and her own child.

Mr. Thurstan retired with Boyd to his room, and, after a lecture of an hour, the child rushed out quite frantic with passion and grief.

Milly was quietly crying on the porch; her mother had gone home, and Mrs. Thurstan had retired sadly to her room, when Boyd appeared.

"I'll run away, Milly, I will—I will!" he shouted, and rushed past, full of a vague determination to do something that should mske his father very unhappy.

Milly called after him; but away he went toward the brook, and the foolish girl hurried into the house, crying, "Mrs Thurstan, Mrs. Thurstan! Boyd's gone to drown himself—Boyd's gone to drown himself!"

Out rushed the distracted mother, and out rushed Mr. Thurstan, filled with sudden remorse and fear, and Milly followed, wringing her hands and sobbing bitterly.

They neared the stream just in time to see Boyd flying across the board that served as a bridge. The three called out at once—he looked back—saw his father, and, in the fright, missed his footing, and fell headlong into the brook.

The current ran very swift, and was far over his head. Mrs. Thurstan sank almost lifeless upon the grass, and the distracted father hurried on to save his child; but before he reached the bank, James Ferguson leaped into the water, and brought Boyd kicking, spluttering, frightened out of his senses, but in no way injured to his father's embrace.

For the next half hour everybody was little less than insane. Mrs. Thurstan hugged them all by turns, and her husband made a solemn promise that he would change his treatment of his son to a more judicious course.

Boyd himself soon came out of his fright, and when his father kissed him, and actually shed tears over him, his first words were,

"Don't send Milly off, don't! Jim picked me out—didn't you, Jim? And he wants to marry Milly, and she hates old Follen, and you ought to let her have him, so—boo-oo!"

And between sobs and syntax he was quite unintelligible; but the upshot of the matter was, that Master Boyd's unpremeditated bath wrought a great change in the destinies of Milly and her lover, and brought him some good likewise, poor little sinner!

Mr. Thurstan found a situation for James which would bring him in a comfortable living, quite enough to support his aged parents, enable him to take a wife, if he pleased, and lay up money into the bargain.

Mrs. Thurstan undertook to soften Mrs. Bamp's resolution, and gain her consent to Milly's marrying the man whom she loved, and, as sometimes happens in this life, in spite of all that misanthropes preach, things ended exactly as one would have desired.

In less than six months, Milly put on her wedding-dress, and became just the prettiest bride anybody ever laid eyes on.

Mrs. Thurstan had the ceremony performed at her house, and gave the party a supper afterward, at which Boyd played a prominent part, in a new jacket trimmed in the most marvelous manner, by Milly herself, with more gilt buttons than were ever crowded on to a jacket before; but an abundance of buttons had always been the ambition of Boyd's soul, and Milly was determined that, for once, he should be made perfectly happy.

Isaac Follen, in disgust, went off and married a lank, cadaverous old maid the week before Milly's wedding. It is a consolation to know that his antiquated spouse led him a shocking life, and in less than six months he was quite doubtful if he had a soul, and certain that if he had once owned that important article, his wife was in possession of it then.

Mrs. Bamp appeared at the wedding in high spirits and a prodigious cap—declared that Milly had been perfection all her life, and that James was the very man she would have chosen for a son-in-law.

So everything ended happily for all concerned, with the exception of Boyd. There was always some shadow even on the brightest moments of that unfortunate creatures life, and at Milly's wedding he made himself so sick with bride's cake, that he burst three buttons of his new jacket, and was forced to undergo a two days' course of bed and bitter medicine.

THE GARDEN AND KITCHEN.

WHOLESOME DRINK.—The excessive use of cold water during the sweltering heat of summer often results in serious and alarming illness. It is therefore advisable that some beverage should be substitute for it, of which those oppressed with thirst may partake with safety. A correspondent of the Germantown *Telegraph* recommends the following:

Take of the best white Jamaica ginger root, carefully bruised, two ounces; cream of tartar, one ounce; water, six quarts, to be boiled for about five minutes, then strained; add to the strained liquor one pound of the best white sugar, and again place it over the fire; keep well stirred till the sugar is perfectly dissolved, and then pour it into an earthen vessel, into which you have previously put two drahms of tartaric acid, and the rind of one lemon, and let it remain till the heat is reduced to a lukewarm temperature; then add a tablespoonful of yeast, stirring all well together, then bottle for use.—The corks must be well secured. The drink will be in high perfection in four or five days. This is a very refreshing and wholesome beverage, and which may be largely partaken of without any unpleasant results, even in the very hottest weather.

BREAD AND BUTTER PUDDING.—Cover the bottom and sides of a deep dish with moderately thick slices of bread, thinly spread with butter, and then fill the dish with any kind of sweetmeats. Over this place another layer of bread and butter, and let the dish stand until the bread is thoroughly soaked with the syrup. Make a custard and pour it over the whole.—Bake about twenty minutes, and after it is cold turn it out on the dish on which it is to be served. Serve to the table with a hot liquid sauce.

A DELICATE DESSERT.—Lay half a dozen crackers in a tureen, pour on enough boiling water to cover them. In a few minutes they will be swollen to three or four times their original size. Now grate loaf sugar and a nutmeg over them, and dip on enough sweet cream to make a nice sauce, and you will have a simple and delicious dessert that will rest lightly on the stomach– and it is easily prepared. Leave out the cream and it is a valuable recipe for sick room cookery.

TO COOK LAMB CHOPS.—Cut off the end of tne bones and trim off part of the fat, then pound, wash and dry them on a clean towel, and season with pepper and salt. Prepare bread crumbs or crackers, as for oysters; whisk two eggs with one gill of milk, then dip the chops, one at time, first in the egg, then in the cracker; put the crumbs close to the meat, and fry them in hot lard, a fine brown on both sides. Serve to the table hot.

BOILING POTATOES.—This is a formula: Let each mess be of equal size. Let the water boil before putting them in. When done, pour off the water and scatter three or four tablespoonsful of salt; cover the pot with a coarse cloth, and return it to the fire for a short time. Watery potatoes are made mealy by this process. How simple is the process, yet how few understand it.

LIGHT TEA CAKES.—One ounce and a half of fine flour, one pint of new milk, one large egg, one teaspoonful of salt, one ounce and a half of fresh yeast. Beat the egg, warm the milk, and mix well; let it rise as common dough; then put into tins, and let rise quickly before the fire. It makes nice buns, with spices added after the dough is risen.

REARING YOUNG DUCKS.—The best mode of rearing ducklings depends very much upon the situations in which they are hatched. For the first month the confinement of their mother under a coop, is better than too much liberty. All kinds of sopped food, Buckwheat flour, Indian or barly meal, and water mixed thin, worms, etc., suit them. No people are more successful than cottagers, who keep them for the first period of their existence in pens two or three yards square, cramming them night and morning with dried pellets of flour and water, or egg and flour, till they are judged old enough to be turned out with their mother to forage on the common or the village pond.

When ducklings have been hatched under a common hen, or turkey hen, they are not generally allowed to go the water till they become a little hardy by remaining on land; but the moment they see water, they naturally plunge into it, to the great alarm of their foster-mother, which cannot follow them; a circumstance which has been remarked by the earliest writers, and is finely depicted by M. Rosset in his "Pæme de l'Agriculture."

It is necessary, to prevent accidents, to take care that such ducklings come regularly home every night; but precautions must be taken before they are permitted to mingle with the old ducks, less the latter ill-treat them, though ducks are by no means so pugnacious and jealous of new-comers as common fowls uniformly are.

PRUNING GOOSEBERRY TREES.—The gooseberry, though a useful and early fruit, is very generally neglected, no other attention being paid to it than to prune the tree at random once a year. The crop of fine fruit is also often injured by having the largest and earliest berries previously gathered for tarts while green. To prevent this, a sufficient number of trees of the earliest varieties should be planted in a separate part of the garden and devoted exclusively for use when required for tarts.

Both these and the other trees which are intended to bear ripe fruit should be pruned twice in the year; in the autumn, as soon as the shoots have ripened their wood, leaving at least six inches distance between every branch, and shortening the same branches to two or three eyes. Again, the trees should be examined about the middle or end of June, and all improper suckers and very luxuriant shoots, such as the French call gourmands, cut off; both these operations should be performed with a sharp pruning knife.

HOW TO GET EARLY TOMATOES.—Mrs. E. D. Kendall, of Maryland, thus writes to the Southern Fireside. We quote:

"A good, large turnip is far better than any hot-bed for propagating early tomatoes. Cut off the top and scoop out to a shell three-quarters of an inch thick. Fill the cavity with rich mould, plant half a-dozen seeds, and place the turnip in a box of loom. Keep warm, sprinkle with tepid water until there is no longer any danger from the frost, then remove to the out-door bed; and thin out all but one plant. Should the turnip send out roots, pinch them off, and the shell will soon rot, affording a fertilizer to the tomato plant that will soon send it ahead wonderfully. A dozen turnip tomatized will afford an abundant supply of early tomatoes for an ordinary family."

THERE are 183,856 white men in California and only 48,149 white women.

Dutch Flat Enquirer.

E. B. BOUST, : : : : EDITOR.

THURSDAY, JULY 30 1863.

POLITICAL SPEAKING.

Hon. C. C. Dudley, Democratic candidate for the Senate will address the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity on Saturday evening, August 1st 1863.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—On Sunday last a most melancholy accident occurred in this place, in the accidental drowning of Simeon Harris, a youth about eighteen years of age.—The particulars of this sad casualty are as follows: On Sunday morning, young Harris, accompanied by a younger brother went to the Dutch Flat Water company's reservoir for the purpose of bathing; in wading out into the reservoir he accidentally stepped into a ditch in the reservoir and went down in water eight o ten feet deep, and being unable to swim, was drowned. His little brother immediately gave the alarm, but it was too late to resuscitate him when found. This will prove a warning to boys who are in the habit of bathing in the reservoir. The corpse was taken to Grass Valley and there buried, the obsequies were conducted according to the Jewish faith.

NEW ROUTE.—We learn that the Dutch Flat and Donner Lake wagon road company have found a new route by which the distance from this place to Virginia city will be shortened some fifteen miles. Instead of keeping on the Yuba, the road will turn to the right passing on the south side of the summit and striking Washoe valley near the city of that name. It is claimed that by locating the road on the new route they will be able to keep the road open during the entire winter, and preserve the same grade established the whole way. The superintendant informs us that the company is anxious to secure the services of three hundred additional laborers at fair wages, $40 and $45 per month. The company is progressing with the work as fast as possible with the number of men employed. They have never been able to have more than two hundred hands at any one time, notwithstanding they have, and are yet, offering fair wages, wholesome board and good treatment. Loungers now have no excuse for indulging in lazy habits. Go to work and earn an honest living, pay your bills, and prepare yourselves to look honest men in the face.

GRATEFUL.—Sometime since one of the faithful had occasion to take a mule packed with provisions across the North Fork of the American. On arriving at the point at which he desired to cross, and finding no bridge or boat, concluded to ford the river: he accordingly drove in the mule, (himself on the pack), when the animal stepped into a hole and went down, giving our zealous friend a cold bath; in the meantime the mule was floundering around in imminent danger of drowning, when a Chinaman rushed to the rescue, and by his timely assistance succeeded in rescuing both man and beast. After being landed safely on the bank our John Brown friend in the fullness of his heart inquired of John what he considered a fair compensation for his superhuman exertions in extricating him from so dire a calamity.—"One dollar," replied John. "A dollar! You almond-eyed son of the Celestial Empire! Do you think I'm made of money!" And with that outburst of surprise and indignation left the poor Chinamen to reflect upon the trifling value of life and the ingratitude of mankind generally. Sich is life.

DON'T YOU DO IT.—We learn from reliable sources that the Abolition candidate for District Attorney of this county is operating in rather a novel way for the purpose of securing the votes of his Republican friends. The plan is this: he stops at a house, passes the compliments of the day, asks about the crops, changes the conversation to politics, says he's got the whooping cough and a lot of fine Newfoundland pups, one of the latter of which he promises to the individual he is addressing. He has promised, in one neighborhood thirty pups on the pledge of two votes; and we learn he has promised every voter at Auburn a dog. Whether he thinks that the people have a penchant for these animals sufficient to induce them to barter away their birth-right, or that his supporters prefer promises of young pups to being bored with his abolition sentiments, we cannot say. We feel confident, however, that the people won't make the trade; if a few have so far forgotten their high estate as to sell themselves for a dog, we would advise them to get their pay before they throw away their votes, for the breed will run out before this candidate who bases his claims to position upon the value of dogs—is elected. He is not aware, probably, that he is insulting the good sense of the people.

CONCORDIA VEREIN.—At a regular meeting of this literary association held at their rooms in this place on last week, the following named gentlemen were elected officers for the present term: Henry Runckle, President; Charles Mayn, Vice President; Recording Secretary, Jos. Dorenbach; Corresponding Secretary, J. B. Levyn; Treasurer, A. Knuth; Librarian, Adam Farr. The Society is said to be in a prosperous condition and owns one of the best German libraries in the State.

SCHOOL APPORTIONMENT.—The apportionment of the School Fund of this county, made June 25th, 1863, consists of the interest due the School Fund, by the State, July 1st, 1862, amounting to $17,147 20, which has remained unpaid until the present time, is as follows:

Iowa Hill, 68 children; Wisconsin Hill, 32; Dutch Flat, 144; Illinoistown, 30; Michigan Bluff, 131; Forest Hill, 135; Yankee Jim's, 63; Todd's Valley, 30; Mount Pleasant, 36; Coon Creek, 32; Gold Hill, 93; Ophir 69; Auburn, 174; Rattlesnake, 59; Secret Ravine, 73; Union, 53; Rock Creek, 23; Monona, 36; Van Trees, 38; Stewart Flat, 46; Mad Cañon, 49; Lone Star, 38; Lincoln, 49; Dry Creek, 53—1,564 children, at 25 cents each, $391.

☞ It is expected that the flag presentation will take place on the parade ground on Saturday next, at 4 o'clock, P. M., pursuant to the postponement.

GOVERNOR DOWNEY'S ADDRESS.—Governor Downey finding it impossible to visit all portions of the State before the election has issued an address to the people. The document is an able one, characteristic of the fearless independence and honesty of the man. The people of the State are familiar with the acts of this distinguished patriot, and his character for firmness and just regard for the rights and interests of the people bear a striking contrast with the vacillating and popularity-seeking course of the present occupant of the gubernatorial chair, or the office-seeking character of his wiley opponent. Should the people prove just to themselves there will be no more valuable franchises of the State squandered to greedy monopolies for the purpose of controlling the elections—with his consent. The working man's interest will be held paramount to the sharpers' intrigues, and a conscientious administration of our State will be the single purpose of the Democratic candidate. We hope, in view of the disgraceful mismanagement of affairs for the past two years our people will ponder well upon the issues presented before them, and look closely to the reckless extravagance practiced upon them by the disunion party now in power. Look at the onorous taxes we are compelled to pay in *anticipation* of what may be needed; look at the shameful plundering of your public treasury by incapable and dishonest Abolition appointees, together with the evident disposition of Abolition officers to screen the plunderers, with an expressed determination to shield them from an accountability to the people for their direlictions; these things call for your serious and candid consideration, divest your minds of the claptraps of party predilections and look calmly to the welfare of your country; permit yourselves no longer to be led from the true issues in the coming contest. Your enemies will arraign you and all who do not favor their suicidal sentiments as enemies of the Government, every one who places a barrier in the way of their selfish desires are stigmatized with the most approbious epithets, and all who favor an observance of the laws, they class as subverters of good government. Are you willing to allow these men who have proven themselves both incapable and dishonest to longer misrepresent your sentiments as well as ruin your State? Do you desire the privilege of expressing your honest convictions of right and wrong, and enjoying the rights of freemen as guaranteed by the laws of your country; do you desire a just and impartial execution of the laws and a careful and economical administration of your government? If so, prove the sincerity of your professions at the ballot-box by casting your suffrages for men who have advocated your rights through good and evil, who are battling for the principles that have carried your government safely through all former difficulties and dangers; and show, by your actions, that you are ready to discountenance and fight all enemies of the country whether they appear as open foes with arms in their hands or come to you in the garb of hypocrical freedom shriekers. Their object is the same. Their desire to curtail your rights as citizens, and make you the slave of their selfish aggrandizement.

We quote the closing paragraph of Governor Downey's address to the people of the State:

Fellow-citizens, if ever there was a time in our history which demanded from the people of California the exercise of enlightened reason and exalted patriotism, the present is that period. The ordinary issues of a State canvass sink into insignificance when compared to the consequences dependent on the result of the approaching September election. It will determine by what principles, and under what rules the Government of California shall be administered for the ensuing four years. More than that: it will exercise an important influence on the public opinion of the Eastern States, and possibly on the destinies of the nation. Your very isolation from the tumultuous passions, and scenes of sanguinary violence, prevalent in other sections of the Union, will bestow dignity and power on any judgment you may render. Decide, then, whether you will adhere to a party, the leaders of which ruthlessly trample upon the most sacred guarantees of liberty, or whether you will support the National Democracy in their efforts to arrest the progress of a despotism which threatens to subvert every vestige of freedom that yet remains in the American Confederacy. Decide, as far as your votes can determine the question, whether the internecine war which desolates our unhappy country shall be waged for the preservation of that Constitution, and the restoration of that Union, which your fathers ordained; or whether it shall be conducted in a spirit of fanaticism, which abhors and rejects alike the dictates of of humanity and the usages of civilized nations, with no other objects than the emancipation of four millions of negro slaves of the South, and the establishment of a consolidated military despotism in the North. Whatever may be your decision, my fervent prayer is that Heaven will vouchsafe to our beloved country a speedy deliverance from her present troubles, and to California and her sister communities on the Pacific the continuance of *peace, prosperity and liberty.*

UNGENEROUS.—The Sonora *Flag* is particularly down on the officers of that town for requiring the license of Mrs. C. B. McDonald on taking a benefit in that place a short time since, and indulges in sundry unkind expresses toward them therefor. We did not know that the proper discharge of one's duty would subject him to abuse; certainly not with good citizens. The same paper lauds the officers of Columbia for *not* doing what the law imperatively requires them to do. Mrs. McDonald, we presume, is just as liable to the requirements of our statutes as Mrs. Any-body-else, and the fact of the Democratic officers compelling the payment of the license should pass to their credit, and the editor of the *Flag* would have shown better taste, under the circumstances, by saying nothing about the affair. The secret of the affair is, Sonora officers are Democrats and Columbia officers are Abolitionists. The former are insulted for upholding the laws, and the latter praised for winking at their infringement. Such is Republican-Abolition doctrine.

CONTINUANCE OF SLAVERY.—Park Goodwin, editor of the Evening *Post*, says the *Old Guard*, says, that "if slavery is to continue in this country, he wants the Irish Cathotics to take the place of the negroes, and let the more intelligent and virtuous blacks be liberated."

Such an abominable sentiment is entirely worthy of the man who utters it—a man who raves like one in beldam against the Constitution of his country, and slanders every white man who has not a negro at heart.

FROM NEVADA TERRITORY.

GOLD HILL, N. T., JULY 26th, 1863.

FRIEND BOUST:—Quartz mills continue to "rotate," and the noise emanating from that source has not abated in the least since I last wrote you. "Wild Cat" stocks are down, consequently many long faces may be seen among brokers in that line. Stock brokers comprise about one-third the population here, all of whom of course make an *honest* living, and can now and then exhibit a few dollars. They are generally very affable fellows, and invariably own feet in "well defined" ledges, and in good "locations which "assays thousands," and the "indications" splendid. All the mines that are remunerative here are located on a range commencing at Virginia City and running south a distance of two miles, outside of this all claims may be justly classed as "wild cat." Immediately upon the range spoken of above "feet" are enormously high, varying from one hundred to six thousand dollars per foot. You may form some idea of the value of the claims when you understand that one claim alone—Gould & Curry—employs five hundred hands, and the claim yields ten thousand dollars per day, under an expense of four thousand dollars.

The people of Virginia City are greatly in need of a good, number one hotel; I know of no enterprise that promises so good a return for the investment of capital as this. The prices for board are good, and if the hotel keepers could accommodate their guests with cleanly rooms, they would enhance the prosperity of their business a hundred per cent. It is singular that in a place where so many are on the look out for paying operations, this has entirely escaped their notice

Reese river, Humboldt, and Esmeralda command considerable attention, but a want of capital, and consequently machinery, greatly retards the progress of those places. The mineral resources of Nevada Territory are inexhaustible, and every one who comes to this country does so with the intention of making a speedy fortune, and of course the more substantial pursuits are neglected. This, time may remedy, but I fear many years will elapse before agriculture will receive that attention from the people which it requires, and which alone is to regulate the business of the Territory, by giving it that stability which it lacks. Wages vary from three to six dollars per day, and board from one to three. The supply of labor is much greater than the demand. Health is bad here, water ditto, and whiskey worse.

Union Loyal Leagues are now being given attention to, in fact from the amount of interest manifested in this line in this immediate locality will justify me in giving the denizens of this place the appellation of "big leaguers." I notice that the fair sex contemplate forming Union Leagues; should they succeed in doing so to any considerable extent it will require the services of several more preachers than the Territory can at present boast of. Those who espouse the measure argue that woman's influence—far more portenteous than a few regiments of "free Americans of African descent," is all that is necessary to put down the rebellion. They further advocate the measure by saying that the Union Leagues were formed for the purpose of counteracting the baneful influence exerted by Copperheads, and think a Ladies' Loyal Union League will have the tendency to intimidate if not entirely suppress the serpents hereabouts. Well, let them enjoy themselves while they can. Their days are few.

The political complexion of this is decidedly dark. Free soilism also runs high—I suppose it is "free soilism," at any rate it is a kind of anti-keep-your-face-and-hands clean society.—We have over here innumerable families, sage brush, green backs, divorces, and small pox.

Yours, ADVENTURER.

JOHN G. DOWNEY.

The following biographical sketch of John G. Downey, the Democratic nominee for Governor of this State, we find in the Monterey *Union*, and we gladly republish it for the edification of those benighted seekers after truth (?) who embrace every opportunity, ignorantly, to villify their superiors. Let those loud-mouthed opponents of Mr. Downey compare records, and their death-dirge will be chanted by eighty thousand tongues, throughout the length and breadth of California, in September next:

"Having received the most flattering nomination for Governor of the State of California, by the Democrats in the convention, of which any man can boast, and having served two years as Governor of the State, during which he made a record to which no honest man can, or will, object; and which all will endorse and attest by his vote, we deem it a pleasure and privilege to give to the public his biography, for the correctness of which we can vouch: JOHN G. DOWNEY was born in the County of Roscommon, Ireland, and his family, on both father and mother side, were highly respectable, and at the time of his birth they were considered wealthy. The father of John G. Downey was not one of the best managers, and soon after his marriage managed to get rid of a handsome patrimony, left him by his father, who was known in his county by the name of Honest Jack Downey. At the age of ten years he became an orphan; the family poor, he was at the age of fourteen, despatched to his half-sisters, the Misses Martin, who at that time were established in Charles county, Maryland. By them he was sent to a Latin school, taught by John Corcoran Two years thereafter he was apprenticed as druggist to John F. Callan, Esq., of Washington City, where he acquired a full and thorough knowledge of that profession. And in 1845 he commenced doing business as a partner of John Darling, of Cincinnati. In 1849 the gold excitement carried him with the tide of immigration to California. On his way hither he stopped a few months at Vicksburg, Miss.; and during these few months he was clerking for the renowned Eastern Drug gist and Bookseller, O. O. Troodman, a true and benevolent gentleman, who afterwards assisted him to go into business. In 1850 we find him clerking in the drug-store of Henry Johnson & Co., San Francisco; in December of the same year he is found established in business in Los Angeles, under the style of McFarland & Downey. By his industry, energy and promptness, he acquired in a few years a handsome competency. The members of the firm have been honored with a seat in the State Legislature—McFarland in the Senate and Downey in the Assembly. In 1857, Mr. Downey was appointed Collector and Disbursing Agent of the Federal Government for the District of San Pedro, which position he resigned, having given satisfaction to the Government and recording a clean balance sheet in the archives of the Treasury Department. In 1860 he is discharging the duties of Governor of California, in a quiet and unostentatious manner; giving satisfaction, and doing equal justice to all classes of his fellow citizens, and enjoying a popularity rarely possessed by men occupying such station.

"Immediately after his retirement he is found establishing his farm in Los Angeles, building, fencing, and improving his stock. He has paid much attention to sheep raising—it appearing to be the favorite pursuit of his family, fine horses and cattle claim also his attention.

"It appears that Downey cannot avoid office; he is now School Commissioner of his District, and the Village school at Nietos, from its neatness and finish, attest the care of a man like Downey. Like John Tyler, after being President, was elected road-overseer in Va., made the best officer they ever had, and kept the roads in the best condition.

"We have followed this orphan boy to the late Democratic Convention, where an overwhelming burst of applause and expression of deepest affection greets him from the most respectable assemblage of men ever convened in State Convention, warmed up by the enthusiasm of a determined people. His continued success and good luck in all his undertakings is pleasing, and must be encouraging to young men, who seek to turn out their fortunes. We believe he will still be the child of destiny. His love for his widowed mother and orphan sisters and young brother, has distinguished him among his acquaintance; never neglecting them in any emergency. He has been richly rewarded by all those blessings which are esteemed desirable in this life. And so it will be unto all men who honestly endeavor to perform their part in all stations to which they are, by good fortune or adversity, called."

CONFESSING.

Hon. Lyman Trumbull, Republican Senator from Illinois, made the following extraordinary confession at a mass meeting held at Chicago, on June 4th:

Mr. Trumbull said: It is rather embarrassing to attempt to speak to an audience which insisted on hearing some one else, but solemn convictions of duty compelled him to speak, when under ordinary circumstances he would have remained silent. He did not come to inflame their passions, already too much aroused. Their country was in danger, and they must look the peril in the face. No adjectives he could pile up, no vile names he could apply to those who do not agree with him, calling them copperheads and traitors, would assist in arresting this rebellion or in asserting the supremacy of the constitution and the laws. He did not desire to inspire them with *hurrahs*, but he wished to talk to their judgments and inspire them through appeals to their *reasons*.

The times, he said, are grave? A majority of the people of our State are taking ground against the administration—and why? In the name of Heaven, why is this? I will tell you why; I will point out to you some of our mistakes, that they may be corrected in the future. The reason is, we have not adhered to David Crockett's motto, "Be sure you are *right* and then go ahead!" [A voice—"We are always right."] I have lived long enough to know that I am not infallible, perhaps you are; I have some respect for the opinion of others.

One of our mistakes is that we have allowed our opponents to make false issues. But this is not the worst. The great charge, the charge that has damaged the administration above all others, is that we are in favor of the exercise of arbitrary power, that we are opposed to the freedom of speech and opinion, to the freedom of the press, in favor of curtailing personal liberty, and in favor of a despotism. Now we should not allow these things. We have been the advocate of free speech for the last forty years, and should not allow the party during which the whole time has advocated the gag to usurp our place.

We are fighting for the restoration of the Union and the preservation of the constitution, and all the liberties it guarantees to every citizen. And it makes me feel bad when I hear some honest friend, brimming full of patriotism, say he does not care for the constitution and does not want to have it forced into his way, or thrust in his face until the war is over. The rebels cannot thrust it in his face, for they have no rights under it—no rights under it save the right to be tried and hung for treason.—[Applause.]

In certain districts the military law is supreme. General Grant is in command of an army in the State of Mississippi, which is in revolt. Will any one deny his right to make arrests, his right to suppress newspapers, and to level fire, like those around you to-night, in order to get a range for his guns? No. And yet these are all arbitrary powers. But these exercises of it are not the troublesome cases. The great difficulty is in those districts where rightful civil government is in operation; where the judicial tribunals are open, and the laws respected—the laws which afford a remedy for every wrong. As a rule, we must remember that the civil law is superior to the military law, and the cases are rare, very rare, where the rule can be reversed. It here resolves itself into the plain, naked question of whether the President and his Generals, by the simple clicking of a telegraph instrument, can cause the imprisonment of A, B or C? If one General can do it another can do it, and where is the end?—who will fix the limit? [Great sensation and murmurs.]

Do you propose to interfere with the ballot-box? [Cries of "No! No!" Never! Never!" from all parts of the meeting.] I am glad to hear you say that, and glad you are so unanimous. Did it ever occur to you that the next election may put an entirely new face upon affairs? The next election may bring great and deplorable changes, when Vallandigham and men of his class may determine who are to be arrested. [Cries of "No! that can never be," "Never, never," from all parts of the crowd.] Well, gentlemen, there is no use in closing your eyes to the facts which exist around you on every side. I told you I came here to address myself to your reason and not to your passions, and in view of that light I ask you who are being elected Governors of loyal States, who compose a majority of the Legislature of the loyal State of Illinois, and who was recently elected mayor of her principal and most loyal city, and in view of these facts what may the future not have in store? [Cries of "Jennison," "Music." "We don't want to hear you."—"You sent a telegram to the President."] I know I am distasteful, but am I not truthful? I would claim your reason divested of passion. The same chalice you hold to the lips of your adversaries to-day, to-morrow may be returned to your lips. Would you like to drink of it? Close our eyes as we may, there is no safety for us, no safety for you and I and every American citizen, now and in the future, but in an unvarying adherence to the constitutional landmarks of our Fathers. [Further cries of "Jennison," "Music," and much dissatisfaction.]

You are wrong—it is your greatest and gravest mistake—in allowing your adversaries to place you in the position of being opposed to the constitution. [Cries for "Jennison," and "give us somebody else."] I see that I am distasteful, but I cannot help it, and will not detain you long.

Who is there among you who does not believe in adhering strictly to the constitution in these times, and extending to every citizen of the loyal States its guarantees? Who among you is prepared to acknowledge our government is a failure? Who among you is prepared to say the constitution is a fine thing for peace—good enough—but when war comes it must be rolled up and laid away? Or in other words—for it means the same—who among you is ready to substitute the will and opinion of one man, who may be another Vallandigham, in place of the constitution as the supreme law of the land? [Cries of "We don't want any more of that." "What's that band for?"]—Well, hear me through, for I will not be long, and the questions before you are of so much importance and gravity that you should listen patiently and, not only that, decide dispassionately.

The constitution is broad. It grants all powers necessary, even for the suppression of treason in the North. [Applause.] Yes, gentlemen, it is just as legal and binding upon the general in the field, and the civil officers of the nation, as it is upon the humblest citizen of the land. Has it come to this that you will deny in the free city of Chicago the right of a citizen to discuss the acts of the President? [Cries of "We won't allow it," and "None but copperheads do that, and we will stop them."] Is there a man in this audience who has not expressed to-day his dissatisfaction with some act of the President? [Cries of "Yes," "Yes," "We have none of us expressed any dissatisfaction."] Ah, do all of you, then, think the President's revocation of General Burnside's order, suppressing the Chicago *Times*, was right. [Cries of "No!" "No!" "It was wrong!" "He ought to have enforced the order!"] Then you all deserve to be taken in hand by the military power and sent beyond the lines.

You will be made stronger with the law on your side. Show that Mr Storey has counseled resistance to the draft or encouraged desertion; these are penitentiary offences. Then arrest him and take him before your courts. Where would you get your mob to rescue him. Why there would not be a corporal's guard in the city that would go into it. Try him in the courts. [A voice—No, this would take too much time; it would take two years.] Too much time!—Cannot you wait for the execution of the law? It will not take two months. Do you know what the laws are? I will read some of them.

He then read from a law of the late Congress forbidding correspondence with the rebels, and affording them aid and comfort. [A single voice on the stand—That's just what Wilbur F. Storey does every day.] Then go, he said, you are a citizen, and make complaint to the grand jury yourself. It is your duty.

HELD TO ANSWER.—An old gray-haired man, over fifty years of age, has been held by the Police Judge of Sacramento, to answer the charge of committing a rape on a little girl seven years of age. The child was discovered by its mother to be affected with a loathsome disease, and after considerable questioning she confessed that she had been seduced into Cunningham's room by the promise of a set of ear-rings, and whilst there was shamefully abused. The testimony of the girl in Court was direct and conclusive; and two physicians deposed that they had examined the prisoner immediately after his arrest, and found him afflicted with a nameless disease. Other circumstances were brought out against him which strongly pointed to his guilt.

WHAT'S THE MATTER?—At the head of the editorial column of the Placer *Courier* of last week announcing that there would be no paper issued from that office next (this) week. What's the matter? Hope you are not "gone in," Lynch. Or did the raid on your office disconcert you.

☞ THE School Trustees are in a terrible sweat just now about the way they shall disburse the funds belonging to it. It appears that the District has some $600 00 in funds and the law requires that all the money shall be expended, hence their distress in the manner of getting rid of it.

ARRIVAL OF CANDIDATES.—As we were going to press, last evening, we noticed the arrival of Messrs. E. M. Banvard and W. H. Patton, Democratic candidates for the offices of County Treasurer and County Recorder. They are in good health and excellent spirits, feeling assured from their past official course they have won the confidence and esteem of the citizens of Placer County.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By Virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, on the 16th day of July A. D. 1863, issued out of the Honorable District Court of the 11th Judicial District for the County of Placer and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said Court, on the 20th day of May A. D. 1862, in favor of E. L. Bradley and against the Yankee mining company, composed of Jos. Dorenbach and Wm. Pineman, for the sum of thirty-five hundred and forty-eight ($3,548 00) dollars, with interest upon the sum of thirty five hundred and forty-eight ($3,548 00) dollars, from the 19th day of May A. D. 1862, at the rate of one per cent. per month and for cost of suit taxed at ten ($10 00) dollars, I have levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, at the Court House door, in the town of Auburn,

On Thursday, August 13th, A. D. 1863,

at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said Yankee mining company had on the 20th day of May A. D. 1862, or which they have since that time acquired of, in and to the following described property, to-wit: One certain mining claim known as the Yankee company's claim, lying and being situated on Thompson Hill in the Dutch Flat mining district, Township No. 4, Placer county, California, and bounded on the West by the Union and Star company's claims, on the North by the Young America company's claim, on the East by the Blue Cut company's claim, and on the South by the Dutch Flat Ravine, said claim fronting on Dutch Flat Ravine one hundred and fifty five feet, and running back into the hill the distance of four hundred and thirty-four feet, together with the cabins, sluice boxes, tunnels, penstocks, hose, hose pipe, mining tools, water rights and privileges, and all the fixtures and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment, together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

HENRY GOODING,
Sheriff of Placer County.

Sheriff's Office, Auburn, July 22, 1863.—3w.
Hale & Anderson, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of an execution to me directed and delivered on the 11th day of July A. D. 1863, issued out of the court of J. B. Currier, a Justice of the Peace of Township No. 7, county of Placer and State of California, upon a judgment rendered in said court by O. H. Young, J. P. (acting for said Justice Currier, in his necessary absence) on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1863, in favor of Charles Prestinia and against W. S. Merkle and Conrad Hetzler, for the sum of one hundred and forty dollars ($140 00) principal, and for costs of suit taxed at thirty-three 66-100ths dollars ($33 66), I have levied upon and will expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash, (in gold and silver coin) in front of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express office, in the town of Iowa Hill,

On Wednesday, the 5th day of August, 1863,

at the hour of 12 o'clock, M., all the right, title, interest and claim that the said W. S. Merkle and Conrad Hetzel or either of them had on the 20th day of May, 1863, in and to the following described property, to wit: A certain house and lot situated on the south side of Main street, in the town of Iowa Hill, Township No. 7, county of Placer, California, the same being known as the Star Bakery, and bounded on the East by the house and lot owned and occupied by William Kilgo and family; on the West by house and lot owned by S. A. V. Crawford, and on the South by the back street, said lot running back one hundred feet more or less to said back str., together with the oven and building, standing on the back end of said lot occupied by said Wm. Kilgo and family, together with all out-buildings, tenements, improvements, and hereditaments thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining. All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satsfy the above judgment together with the cost due and to due thereon.

J. B. CARDER,
Constable Township No. 7.

W. D. LAWRENCE, Pffs. Atty. July 16, td.

PICTURE GALLERY!

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE THEATRE.

THE UNDERSIGNED INFORMS THE ladies and gentlemen of Dutch Flat and vicinity that having made improvements in the art he is now prepared to take likenesses in any manner desired.

Ambrotypes and Photographs!

taken to order. Those desirous of sending their likenesses to the "Old Folks at Home" have now an opportunity. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. O. B. SILVER.

May 28, 18 63.—tf.

NOTICE.—J. L. SANDERSON will act as my authorized agent during my absence in the Atlantic States, in receiving and receipting for money in my name. GEO. L. SLOCUMB.

July 16, 1863. 1m

AMERICAN HOTEL,

—AND—

GENERAL STAGE OFFICE,

Auburn, Placer County.

GEORGE H. STEPHENS, ...Proprietor

THE PROPRIETOR HAVING RESUMED control of this first class hotel, and refitted it with new and desirable furniture are prepared to receive and accomodate visitors in a manner not surpassed by any house in the State. The house is situated in an eligible quarter of the town, and presents many features to make it preferable as a stopping place.

The office of the California Stage Company is kept in the American and persons can book their names for any part of the State to any of the various lines.

April 17 tf.

Dry Goods and Clothing Store

OPENED IN DUTCH FLAT,

[A few doors below W. & P. Nichols' Banking House,] by

CHARLES ADLER.

I have all the latest styles and patterns of Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c., usually kept in any store in the State, which I sell at the lowest Cash prices.

☞ Call and examine my goods, whether you wish to purchase or not. jan 20-tf

DUTCH FLAT HOTEL,

AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE

Corner of Main and Stockton Streets.

CHARLES SEFFENS, PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR IS DESIROUS OF INforming the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity as well as the traveling public that he is now making large additions to his heretofore spacious hotel, which will render it one of the most comfortable and commodious house in the mountains. He is now, as formerly, prepared to accommodate those who may favor him with their patronage with well aired rooms, clean beds, and fare not surpassed in the State.

The Stage books are kept at this hotel, and persons booking their names will be called at any hour.

Grateful for past patronage he solicits a portion in future. C. SEFFENS.

may 14-tf

J. B. LECAMP. R. HUDEPOHL.

BOOT, SHOE AND DRY GOODS STORE,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

R. HUDEPOHL & CO., RESPECTFULLY informs the public of Dutch Flat that they have on hand and are constantly receiving a well assorted stock of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES,
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDRENS'
GAITERS, SHOES AND TIES.

From the most celebrated Eastern manufactories together with an excellent supply of

Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods,

Which they are enabled, from their connection with houses below, to sell at the lowest market prices.

☞ Particular attention paid to the manufacturing and repairing of boots and shoes. ap3-tf

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY!

HENRY RUNCKLE.....Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABlished Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment. Fresh

Bread, Cakes and Pies

always on hand, together with an excellent assortment of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars!

and an attentive and accommodating bar tender always ready to attend to the *spiritual* wants of those who may favor him with a call.

MARCH 20, 1862.—tf

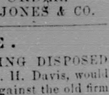
EMPIRE LIVERY STABLE,

(Opposite L. Arnstein's,)

Main Street, Dutch Flat, Placer County.

T. J. SLOAN.....Proprietor.

THIS STABLE IS NOW prepared to furnish the traveling public with the best



SADDLE HORSES!

To be found in the mountains. The stock at this stable have all been purchased with a view to their gentle and tractable qualities.

BUGGIES and CARRIAGES!

Constantly kept for hire, with or without drivers.—This Stable presents superior inducements to caravans and other large companies.

☞ Horses boarded and groomed by the day, week, or month at reasonable rates. nov13-tf.

THEODORE SCHUBERT,

MANUFACTURER

Of Boots and Shoes,

(Opposite the Brewery.)

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE to call the attention of the residents of Dutch Flat and vicinity to the fact that he make to order boots of all grades from a

Fine Dress to a substantial Miner's Boot

Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. Our work is considered equal to the Philadelphia, New York or Boston manufacture. Call and examine.

THEODORE SCHUBERT.

Dutch Flat, May 21, 1862.—3m

LUMBER! LMUBER!

THE DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL IS still in successful operation, where persons can secure the best lumber at the most reasonable rates. All orders filled with promptness, and lumber furnished on terms to make it an inducement to those in need of material to give us a call.

Sugar Pine Lumber

In large quantities, constantly on hand and for sale cheap. To those in want of lumber for

MINING PURPOSES!

We can supply orders with promptness, having superior facilities for sawing, we are enabled to present better inducemen for contracts.

To Builders and Contractors

Requiring lumber for building purposes, can be supplied with SEASONED LUMBER of every description on the shortest notice. All kinds of

LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER.

June 20, 1860. tf J. JONES & CO.

NOTICE.

H. C. HARVEY & CO., HAVING DISPOSED of their entire stock to Mr. A. H. Davis, would notify all persons having claims against the old firm to present them immediately, and those indebted to them by note, account or otherwise will please call and settle their indebtedness with Wm. Hooper who is alone authorized to settle the business of H. C. Harvey & Co.

May 19, 1853.—4t H. C. HARVEY,
WM. HOOPER.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

WE, THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS CREATed by an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the Treasury of the county of Placer" approved April 6th A. D. 1863, do hereby certify, that in pursuance of our duties as set forth in said Act of the Legislature of the State of California, we have examined the books and papers in the office of E. M. Banvard the Treasurer of Placer county, and find that there should be on the 23d day of June A. D. 1863, on the close of the official business of said day, the amounts in the several county funds as specified below: Namely,

County Fund	$26,180 48
Redemption do	887 48
Hospital do	2,776 16
School do	808 30
do Districts	4,027 89
Road do	1,488 08
County Judge's Fund	123 43
County Clerk's do	104 40
Indian do	37 60
Estates of Deceased Persons	120 84
Total	$36,614 66

And we further certify, that we have counted the money in the Treasury of Placer county, and find that there is in said Treasury in United States gold and silver coin, the sum of thirty-six thousand, six hundred and fourteen dollars and sixty six cents.

JO. HAMILTON, Dis't. Att'y.
H. FELLOWS, County Judge.
M. FANNON,
JAS. R. ROGERS, } Supervisors.
D. W. MADDEN,
(I. R. S.) (10 cts.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for Placer county this twenty-third day of June A. D. 1863.

R. R. PATTON, Notary Public.

Dutch Flat Enquirer.

AGENCIES.

THOS. BOYCE is our authorized agent for San Francisco, through whom all business connected with this paper in that city must be transacted.

W. B. LYON, of Iowa Hill, is our authorized agent for that place and vicinity, all orders left with him for printing, advertising, and subscriptions will be promptly attended to.

E. B. HOPKINSON is the authorized agent for the ENQUIRER for the towns of Little York, You Bet and Red Dog.

O. W. Hollenbeck, of Gold Run, is our authorized agent for that place and vicinity, to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same.

A. O. Mallenberg is our authorized agent for Last Chance, Michigan Bluff and vicinities, to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same.

STAGE ACCIDENT.—The coach of the California Stage Company, which left Virginia on Wednesday, says the Washoe *Times* of Saturday last, met with a frightful accident, the same night, in the vicinity of O'Neal's, on the Henness Pass road. The horses took fright at a pile of lumber, lying on the road, and shied to the side of the declivity, which is more than a hundred feet, the coupling gave way, and the coach, with the passengers, was rolled into the Truckee. The team and driver, with the forward gearing, remained in the road. One of the passengers, Henry Eaton, son of John L. Eaton of Marysville, was killed, and all the other passengers more or less injured, though none fatally.

GETTING EVEN.—Governor Yates, (Abolition,) of Illinois, prorouged the State Legislature, to prevent the Democrats from appropriating $100,000 to the sick and wounded soldiers. The legislators would not trust Yates with the disbursement of the money for the relief of the soldiers, and hence he prevented the appropriation. At the Democratic State Convention $47,500 was immediately raised, and the "traitors" (cotashun) design making up a contribution of $100,000.

THE N. Y. *Leader* is responsible for this:—"Governor Nye, at the banquet at the Astor House, asserted that in Nevada Territory he would not permit any one to speak against the Administration. As Gov. Nye claims to own the people of that locality, would it not be proper to call it Nye-vada Territory?"

Reduction in Prices to Subscribers.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWing list of American and Foreign Periodicals, for which I receive subscriptions. Permanent arrangements having been made by the United States Government for the carrying of the mails from the Atlantic States by steamer three times a month, I am enabled to receive subscriptions at a much lower rate than formerly. The same care and attention will be paid to the forwarding of all packages, for which this establishment has gained such an enviable reputation throughout the Pacific Coast.

ATLANTIC PERIODICALS.

	PER YEAR.
Harper's Monthly Magazine	$3 50
Godey's Lady's Book	3 50
Atlantic Monthly	3 50
Leslie's Family Magazine	3 50
Knickerbocker Magazine	3 50
Continental Monthly	3 50
Peterson's Ladies' Magazine	3 00
Arthur's Home Magazine	3 00
Ladies' Repository	3 50
Tales of the Day	3 50
Monthly Novelette	3 00
Eclectic Magazine	6 00
Hunts' Merchants' Magazine	6 00
Bankers' Magazine	6 00
Le Bon Ton	6 00
Brownson's Review	3 00
Braithwaite Retrospect	3 00
Turf Register (yearly)	2 00
Ballou's Magazine	2 50
Yankee Notions (comic)	2 50
Leslie's Budget of Fun (comic)	2 50
Nic Nax (comic)	2 50
Comic Monthly	2 50
Phunny Phellow (comic)	2 50
New York Weekly Herald	3 00
New York Police Gazette	3 50
New York Clipper	3 50
New York Home Journal	3 50
New York Weekly Tribune	3 50
New York Sunday Atlas	3 50
New York Sunday Times	3 50
New York Sunday Dispatch	3 50
New York Sunday Mercury	3 50
New York Sunday Courier	3 50
New York Weekly Times	3 50
New York World	3 50
New York Journal of Commerce	3 50
New York Independent	3 00
New York Leader	3 00
New York Ledger	3 00
New York Leslie's Pictorial	3 50
New York Harper's Weekly	3 50
New York Illustrated News	3 50
New York Zeitung (German)	3 50
New York Demokrat	3 50
New York Criminal Zeitung	3 00
New York Family Blatter	3 50
New York Vanity Fair	3 50
New York Irish American	3 50
New York Scientific American	3 00
New York Wilkes' Spirit of the Times	3 50
New York Tablet	3 50
New York Country Gentleman	3 50
New York Weekly	3 50
New York Mercury	3 50
New York Herald of Progress	3 50
New York Scottish American Journal	5 00
New York Albion	6 00
New York Eco d'Italia (Italian)	8 00
New York La Cronica (Spanish)	12 00
Boston Weekly Journal	3 50
Boston Flag of our Union	3 00
Boston Pilot	3 50
Boston Waverly Magazine	3 50
Boston Banner of Light	3 50
Boston True Flag	3 50
Boston Investigator	3 50
Boston Literary Companion	3 50
Boston Littell's Living Age	7 00
Philadelphia Forney's War Press	3 50
Philadelphia Dollar Newspaper	3 00
Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post	3 50
Baltimore Weekly Sun	3 50
Louisville Weekly Journal	3 50
Cincinnati Weekly Commercial	3 00
St. Louis Weekly Republican	3 50

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

London Illustrated News, with supplements	$14 00
London Weekly Dispatch	13 00
London Illustrated News of the World	14 00
London Illustrated Times	12 00
London Weekly Times	10 00
London Bell's Life	13 00
London Athenæum	12 00
London Punch	8 00
London once a Week	8 00
Liverpool Wilmer and Smith's Times	15 00
Dublin Nation	13 00
Cornhill Magazine	6 00
Temple Bar Magazine	6 00
St. James Magazine	6 00
London Lancet	6 00
London World of Fashion	6 00
All the Year Round, Dickens	6 00
London Art Journal	10 00
Blackwood's Magazine	4 00
West minster Quarterly Review	3 00
North British Quarterly Review	3 00
Edinburgh Quarterly Review	3 00
London Quarterly Review	3 00
The four Reviews and Blackwood	13 00

Subscriptions received for all the San Francisco Dailies, at publishers' prices.

Any Newspaper, Magazine or Review not mentioned in the above list will be furnished to order. Orders of Books, Music, Fancy Articles, &c., filled promptly at the lowest market rates. Subscriptions payable invariably in advance. Address,

J. STRATMAN,
News Agent, San Francisco.

London Weekly Dispatch	13 00
London Illustrated News of the World	14 00
London Illustrated Times	12 00
London Weekly Times	10 00
London Bell's Life	13 00
London Athenæum	12 00
London Punch	8 00
London once a Week	8 00
Liverpool Wilmer and Smith's Times	15 00
Dublin Nation	13 00
Cornhill Magazine	6 00
Temple Bar Magazine	6 00
St. James Magazine	6 00
London Lancet	6 00
London World of Fashion	6 00
All the Year Round, Dickens	6 00
London Art Journal	10 00
Blackwood's Magazine	4 00
West minster Quarterly Review	3 00
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J. STRATMAN,
News Agent, San Francisco.

County Democratic Ticket.

For Senators,
HON. CHARLES C. DUDLEY,
Of Iowa Hill.
ELISHA L. BRADLEY,
Of Dutch Flat.

For Assemblymen,
STEPHEN A. BOUTWELL,
Of the Plains.
DANA PERKINS,
Of Auburn Station.
JAMES C. BALL,
Of the Plains.

For County Judge,
H. FITZSIMMONS,
Of Forest Hill.

For Sheriff,
HENRY GOODING,
Of Auburn.

For Clerk,
A. HUNTLEY,
Of Forest Hill.

For Treasurer,
E. M. BANVARD,
Of Auburn.

For Recorder,
WILLIAM H. PATTON,
Of Iowa Hill.

For District Attorney,
JO. HAMILTON,
Of Auburn.

For Superintendent of Common Schools,
D. W. HAMMOND,
Of Dutch Flat.

For Public Administrator,
CHARLES T. PALMER,
Of Auburn.

For Coroner,
THOMAS SHANLEY,
Of Rock Creek.

For County Surveyor,
E. CLEMENT UREN,
Of Dutch Flat.

FOR SALE.—THE VACANT LOT SITUATed on Stockton street, Dutch Flat, between the residences of Jno. Y. Thomas and B. H. Bartlett, and at present used as a garden, is offered for sale at a bargain. The location is one of the best in the vicinity for a family residence, being well watered, and the neighborhood unexceptionable. For particulars apply at this office. July 9th.—tf.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS ARE CAUTIONed against buying or trading for a certain promissory note made by W. R. Coleman on the 26th day of June, 1863, for the sum of two hundred and eighty dollars, and payable to the undersigned or order, on the first day of January 1864, and bearing interest at the rate of two per cent. per month, as the payment of the same has been stopped.

July 8th, 1863.—1m. JOSHUA BOWSI.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.—By Virtue of eight executions to me directed and deliverad on the first day of July 1863, issued out of the court of E. B. Boust, a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, Placer county, California, upon eight judgments rendered on the 15th day of May, 1862, in the court of H. Fellows, who was then an acting Justice of the Peace, in and for Township No. 4, county and State aforesaid, one judgment in favor of Jacob G. Doublebuiss, and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach, for the sum of eighty-three dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also, one judgment in favor of John Pizanti and against Josepe Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach, for the sum of one hundred and sixty dollars, and for costs taxed at nineteen dollars. Also, one judgment in favor of Edmund Dickman and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of two hundred dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also one judgment in favor of George Hahn and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of fifty-four dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also, one judgment in favor of John Webber and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also, one judgment in favor of John Shultz and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of one hundred and forty-one dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also, one judgment in favor of Frederick Boudware and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of two hundred dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also, one judgment in favor of John Tinkan and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of ninety-four twety-five one-hundredths dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars All of which said and described judgments were transferred by the judgment creditors to E. L. Bradley on the 22nd day of May A. D. 1862, by virtue of said executions I have this day levied upon as the property of the said Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach, and will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on the premises near the town of Dutch Flat.

On Friday, 24th day of July, A. D. 1863,

at the hour of ten o'clock, A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said defendants Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach had on the 15th day of May A. D. 1862, or have since acquired in and to the following described property, to-wit: One mining claim known as the "Yankee company's" claim, lying, being and situate on Thompson Hill in the Dutch Flat Mining District, Township No. 4, Placer county, California, and bounded on the west by the Union and Star company's claims; on the north by the Young America company's claim; on the east by the Blue Cut company's claim, and on the south by the Dutch Flat Ravine, said claim fronting on Dutch Flat Ravine one hundred and fifty-five feet, and running back into the hill the distance of four hundred and thirty-four feet. Also, three cabins, situated on the above described ground, together with sloices, sluice boxes, tunnels, penstocks, hose, hose pipe, mining tools, rights and water privileges belonging to said Yankee company's mining ground, with the fixtures and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

All of which said and described property I shall sell as aforesaid or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgments together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

S. A. MILLER, Constable,
Dated, July 1st 1863.—tds. Township No. 4.

The above sale is hereby postponed, by order of the plaintiff, to Thursday, August 13th, A. D. 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

July 24, 1863. S. A. MILLER, Const.

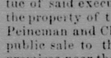
PEOPLE'S STEAMSHIP LINE!

CONNECTING

California and New York,

Via Nicaragua.

750 Miles Shorter than Any other Route.



The fast and favorite double engine steamship,

MOSES TAYLOR,

J. H. BLETHEN,.....Commander.

Will be dispatched for

SAN JUAN DEL SUR

From Mission street wharf,

At 9 o'clock, A. M., Punctually,

On Thursday, July 23d, 1863.

Connecting at Greytown with the swift steamship

AMERICA,

2,500 TONS.

Reduced Rates of passage and Quick Trips are secured by the re-opening of the Nicaragua Route.

These steamers are unsurpassed for speed, cleanliness and safety, and every effort will be made to insure the comfort of Passengers.

A man of experience sent on each steamer to take charge of baggage and of ladies who may be traveling alone.

For further information or Passage, apply to

I. K. ROBERTS, Agent,
No. 407 Washington street,
Jan. 29-tf Opposite the Postoffice.

JUSTICES' AND LAWYERS' BLANKS FOR sale cheap, at this office.

R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

SACRMENTO, CAL.

Wholesale Drug Importing House

R. H. McDONALD & Co.,

NEW YORK CITY.

The increasing business of our establishment, together with the wants of the trade, have made it necessary to establish a house in the city New York. Our R. H. McDonald is now in that city, and from the facilities for purchasing, shipping, etc., which we now have, we feel confident that we can supply the trade at much lower rates than heretofore.

WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR LARGE and carefully selected stock of superior Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals of all kinds, Solid and Fluid Extracts, Shakers' Herbs, Eclectic Preparations, Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods, Trusses & Shoulder Br's, Abdominal Supporters, Assayers' Materials, Retorts and Crucibles, Druggists Glassware, Brewers' Stock, Soda Water Material, Paints and Oils, Kerosene and Coal Oils, Lard and Sperm Oils, Camphene & burning fluid Alcohol in Tin,

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be under sold by any house in California. Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing Druggists, Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK

The undersigned offer for sale,

300 Carboys Oil Vitrol, "Eastern;"
3000 lbs Nitric Acid, strong;
1500 lbs Citric Acid;
2000 lbs Muriatic Acid;
3000 lbs Powdered Tartaric Acid, best;
50 casks super Carb Soda;
500 ozs Sulph Quinine,
100 ozs Strychnine, pure
75 Sulph Morphine,
100 lbs Iodide Potassa
125 lbs Chloroform
106 lbs Calomel
1000 lbs Spts Nit and Aq Ammonia
600 lbs Balsam Copaiba
750 lbs Gum Arabic, white
2000 lbs Flors Sulphur
600 lbs Oil Lemon Bergamot
3300 gallons Kerosine Oil
1100 galls pure Lard Oil in tins
800 galls Camphene
1600 galls Alcohol, 95 per cent., in tins
1100 galls Linseed Oil
1000 galls Neatsfoot Polar and China Nut Oil
800 galls Castor Oil
Origanum, Peppermint
Sprue and Almonds
Paint Brushes
White-wash Brushes
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes
Feather Dusters
10 bbls refined Lampblack
20 bbls Irish Moss
10 cases Isinglass;
700 doz Wright's Pills
20 gross Brandreth's Pills
100 gross Moffat's, Ayer's Jayne's, Lee's and McLane's Pills
100 doz Myer's Sarsaparilla & Yellow Dock,
100 doz Lyon's Katharion
500 Jules Haules & Co.'s Extracts, Oils, Colognes, &c.
70 boxes Castile Soap genuine
90 Cases best Olive Oil
3000 lbs Sal Soda
60 bbls Resin
100 bbls Plaster Paris
40 bbls Marble Dust
20 bbls Whiting
3000 lbs Shakers' Herbs, fresh
400 lbs pure Ground Sage fresh
1000 lbs pressed Hops in ¼ ½ and 1lb papers
2500 lbs Borax
3000 lbs assorted Paints in cans
One ton of Putty in bladders and cans
20 bbls Dye woods
Varnishes of all kinds

25 bbls Canary, Hemp, Flax and Coriander seeds, in quantities to suit, all at the lowest prices. Orders respectfully solicited.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing and Wholesale Druggists,
Sacramento.
R. H McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK.

DENTAL

IMPORTING HOUSE,

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

SACRANENTO,

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

NEW YORK.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of dental goods, the following comprising a part only:

Plain and Pivot Teeth,
Gum Teeth, large assort't,
Teeth for Vulcanite work
gum & plain, great variety
Jones & White's gold foil,
Abbey & Son's Gold Foil,
Watt's Crystal Foil and Sponge Gold,
Tin Foil and Platina plate
Gold Plate and Solder,
Dental chairs & head rests,
Forceps, a large variety,
Files of all kinds,
Ivory Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Steel and Wire Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Excavators, burrs & drills
Screws, Punches, Hooks,
Brushes and Carundum Wheels,
Grind Stones and Polish Powders,
Lathes,
Mouth Mirrors, different patterns.

DENTAL CASES.

Chevalier's Best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of mahogany, brass bound, with drawers, etc., all complete. Price according to size and style—from $75 to $175, each.

Anatomical Preparations.

Consisting of Upper and lower Maxillaries, carved exhibiting Nerves on one side and Artery and Vein on the other. Head, with carved Jaw, exposing fangs of Teeth, 32 in number.

Vulcanizers, Vulcanite Teeth, Rubber and everything for doing vulcanite work in the latest and most approved styles, together with nearly everything used by Dentists, all of which we shall sell at very low prices, and respectfully solicit Dentists to call and examine and price our goods.

Goods packed with care and forwarded, by express or otherwise, to all parts of the Pacific coast.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento, Cal.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Trusses, Supporters, Etc.

Gum Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Abdominal Supporters, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line. For sale by

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

BREWERS' STOCK.

Fresh Hops, Irish Moss, Burgundy Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms.

☞ 20 bales Hops just received by Express.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

SODA WATER MATERIAL.

Corks, Acids, Essential Oils, Whiting, Marble Dust, Soda Twine. Everything in the line.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Assayer's Material.

Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line.

ECLECTIC MEDICINES.

We are constantly receiving per express, additional supplies from the manufactories.

TILDON'S SUGAR COATED PILLS, of nearly all the concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD & Co., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

PERFUMERY.

We are constantly receiving articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD &CO.

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES.

Brushes, Feather Dusters, Zinc White, Fire Proof Paint, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

COAL AND KEROSENE OILS.

Burning Fluid, Lamp Oil, Neats-foot Oil, Lard Oil, Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Patent Medicines.

We are agents for the following known Medicines and offer them at REDUCED PRICES:

Sands Sarsaparilla,
Ayers Sarsaparilla,
Myers Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock,
Jaynes Expectorant,
Jaynes Alterative,
Jaynes Hair Tonic.
Ayers Pectoral and Ague cure,
Wistar's Bals Wild Cherry
Jaynes Sanative Pills,
Jaynes Ague Pills,
Ayers Pills,
Moffats Pills,
Cheesmans Pills,
Tildens Fluid Extracts,
Tildens Sugar Coated pills
Tilden's Pearls of Ether and Chloroform,
Moffat's Phœnix Bitters,

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SACRAMENTO.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK.

ju18-tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 81, I. O. O. F., hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.

W. C. RICHMOND, N. G.
J. T. MATHEWSON, Rec. Sec. jal-6m

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Open from 7 A. M., to 9 P. M. Mail closes daily at 9 o'clock, P. M.

Office open on Sundays from 8 o'clock, A. M., to 10 A. M., and one hour in the evening on the arrival of the mail. C. B. PLUMMER, P. M.

A SURE THING.—Dr. J. C. Young, upon the receipt of one dollar, will send to any part of California, Nevada Territory, Oregon, or Washington Territory, a prescription, with full and complete directions, that will secure the possessor against the possibility of any Private Complaints. Very simple, very safe, and very sure. It cannot fail in its action.

Having been very successful in his profession, and accumulated a fortune in this State, the Doctor wishes to devote his time to the interests of mankind generally, and to the rising generation in particular, that they may come into the world at least, blessed with pure and uncontaminated blood, a good constitution, a fortune in itself, and perfectly free from that Scourge of the Age, Hereditary Venereal. He is thus induced to offer his valuable prescriptions for an amount simply sufficient to cover absolute expenses.

Dr. J. C. Young has practised in this city for upwards of thirteen years, and his constant success has qualified him to prescribe remedies that are positive in curing and preventing any form of the venereal. He offers his success as a guarantee, and pledges his professional reputation upon the efficacy of the articles administered.

Address, (enclosing one dollar, with stamp to pay return postage,) Dr. J. C. Young, 615 Commercial street, opposite the Mint, San Francisco.

N. B.—Those already afflicted are referred to the Doctor's advertisement in another column, in which he pledges himself, by his motto, *no cure, no pay*, to fulfill his obligations. Read and consider.

NEW CASH STORE,

Main Street, above Stockton.

A. H. DAVIS HAVING PURCHASED THE entire stock of goods of Messrs. H. C. Harvey & Co., would invite the attention of all to the fact that he is prepared to furnish all articles in his line at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. Buying for cash he is enabled to sell at reduced rates for cash. An excellent assortment of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
CROCKERY,
PRESERVES,
LIQUORS,
GRAIN, &c.,

Of the purest quality will be constantly kept on hand, and sold as

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to business and fair dealing to receive a portion of the patronage. ☞ Goods packed to Order, free. ☜
May 21—tf

A. HOWARD. CHARLEY THOMAS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

EUROPEAN STYLE.

(FORMERLY THE ANTELOPE.)
MAIN, ABOVE STOCKTON STREET.

THE PROPRIETORS, OLD RESIDENTS OF of Dutch Flat, and experienced in the Hotel and Restaurant business, take pleasure in announcing to the public generally, that they have opened the above place and intend keeping it in pure city style, and trust their efforts will meet with public favor. This house will be kept open day and night.

Meals served at all hours.

Boarders taken by the Week, Day or Single Meal.

N. B. The patrons of our house can rest assured that no trouble or expense will be spared in furnishing all the delicacies in their season, viz:

Fresh Vegetables, Daily.
Fresh and prepared Fruits.
Fresh Oysters and Clams,

from the shell or cooked in any style desired.

Green Turtle, Turkey, Pigeon, Chicken, Quail, Partridge, Hare, Squirrel, etc.,

all of which will be furnished in as good style as can be found in the State.

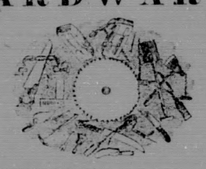
Don't forget the place, opposite Harvey & Hooper's old stand, Main street. You will always be sure to get your money's worth. HOWARD & THOMAS.
April 2.—3m

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,

Will constantly keep on hand all kinds of

HARDWARE!

STOVES,



STOVES,

TINWARE, &c., &c.,

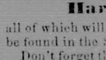
Something Just Received of Great Importance to Miners!

The subscriber takes this early opportunity of announcing to the **"Honest Miners,"** that he is prepared to furnish Iron, Hydraulic Pipe and fixtures, as expeditiously and on as reasonable terms, (per lb, or foot, or any other way), as "any other man." All persons intending to fit up their Claims with Iron Pipe this fall will consult their interests by calling on me before contracting elsewhere.

Together with a general assortment of all articles in his line. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of

Hydraulic Pipe, Hose Pipe!

or anything else pertaining to his business, or the wants of a mining community, at reasonable rates.
ap10-tf



LIVERY AND STAGE STABLE.

Sacramento street, Dutch Flat.

THOMAS MORRIS,.....PROPRIETOR.

HAVING THE LARGEST AND MOST convenient Stable in the place, offers superior accommodations to Teamsters and the traveling public. An extensive Wagon Yard is connected with the establishment.

Horses to let on Livery.

Animals stabled, boarded and groomed by the day, week or month, at reasonable rates.
49-tf

MOUNTAINEER STAGE LINE.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, the Coaches of the "Mountaineer Line" will leave Dutch Flat daily, at 3 A.M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Placer & Nevada Railroad Co., at Auburn station at 10½ A. M., and arriving at Sacramento at 1¼ P. M., same day, connecting with the boats for San Francisco. Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6½ A. M., daily, connecting with the coaches at Auburn station at 9 A. M., arriving at Dutch Flat at 5½ P. M.

This line connects at Auburn with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; at Illinoistown, with coaches for Iowa Hill. Through tickets for all these points can be procured at the Stage office "What Cheer House," Sacramento; also, at the offices in the above named places for Sacramento or Folsom.

Passengers by this line can rely upon receiving every attention necessary *for safety, speed* and *comfort*. WM. HAMILTON,
Oct. 2, 1862.—tf. Proprietor.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOUIS GROSS.....C. B. PLUMMER.....J. H. BOKE

GROSS, PLUMMER & BOKE,

DEALERS IN

Stationery, Blank, School, and Miscellaneous Books,

Choice Brands of Tobacco and Cigars, Genuine and Imitation Meerschaum Pipes,
CUTLERY,
PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FRUIT,
CONFECTIONERY,
MUSIC,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
CAMPHENE,
COAL OIL,
LAMPS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
NEWSPAPERS,
MAGAZINES,
PERIODICALS, &c.

Subscriptions or advertisements received for any of the Sacramento or San Francisco papers.

Post Office, Main Street,

Store formerly occupied by L. Gross.
DUTCH FLAT, May 10, 1862.—tf.

GEORGE W. HEPPARD,

House Sign and Ornamental PAINTER,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

Every description of work executed in the best style. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. ap3-tf

PLACER BREWERY.

BOOMERANG.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED this well known establishment and favorite resort, will hereafter keep it in the best style having always on hand the best

Wines and Liquors!

Cigars and fresh brewed lager. By strict attention to business and accommodation to customers he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. Call and see me.
March 13th, 1862.—tf J. F. MEYER.

BED ROCK SALOON,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

GEO. L. SLOCUMB,..... .....Proprietor.

KEEP CONSTANTLY on hand the finest

Wines, Brandies, Cigars

and playing cards in the market, in lots to suit customers. Billiard Balls, Cues and Cue Wafers purchased for customers at lowest city prices.
December 4, 1862.—tf

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP,

Corner of Sacramento and Main streets, Dutch Flat, Cal.

F. GROHS, DESIRES TO INform the public that he constantly keeps on hand a good assortment of fresh BEEF, PORK, MUTTON and Homemade SAUSAGE, which he sells at the most reasonable rates. Persons at a distance supplied daily.
March 13, 1862—tf

FRESH LARD.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION OF THE CITIZENS of Dutch Flat and vicinity is directed to the fact that I have constantly on hand a large supply of Fresh Lard, which I will furnish to order,

In Can or Leaf,

at the lowest market price for cash.

Hotel keepers, families or miners supplied with the best quality of pork, for packing or corning, in quantities to suit, by immediate application to
Jan. 1.—tf F. GROHS, Placer Market.

Dutch Flat Saw Mill.

THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having

Reduced the Prices!

to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a *little* lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity.

We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber with dispatch of all usual dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.

Being situated within a few hundred rods of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to

Miners and Builders

Who will find it their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles. ALLEN TOWLE.
Dutch Flat, June 24th, 1860. tf

GEO. RANDOLPH. HENRY BRINKMAN.

RANDOLPH & BRINKMAN'S

FASHIONABLE

HAIR DRESSING SALOON

AND

Barber Shop.

Next Door below the Post Office, Main Street, Dutch Flat.

THE PROPRIETORS RESPECTFULLY ANnounce to the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity, or strangers visiting this place, that they cannot be excelled in

Hair Dressing,
Hair Cutting,
Shampooing and Shaving,

by any artists on the Pacific slope, and guarantee entire satisfaction to all who favor them with their patronage. November 20.—tf

SAFES! SAFES!

F. TILLMAN,

No. 90 BATTERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLE Agent for TILTON & MCFARLAND'S celebrated Fire Proof and Burglar Safes. This Safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these Safes have been subject to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The Safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This Lock is in every respect the most secure one in use: it requires the key and combination to open the Safe. If the key should be abstracted from tee owner, it would be perfectly useless to the possessor without his knowing the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head. To those in want of a reliable Safe we offer the above cheaper than any other in the market.

A large assortment on hand and to arrive.

6m F. TILLMAN, 90 Battery st.

THOMAS BOYCE'S

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

North-east corner of Montgomery and Washington streets, San Francisco. Agent for the following papers:

ENQUIRER, Dutch Flat.
Butte Record, Oroville,
Republican, Shasta,
Sierra Citizen, Downieville,
Tribune, San Jose,
Placer Herald, Auburn,
Union Democrat, Sonora,
San Andreas Independant,
Amador Sentinel, Jackson,
Mountain Messenger, La Porte,
Crescent City Herald,
Mariposa Democrat,
Pacific Sentinel, Santa Cruz,

BLANKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR sale at the ENQUIRER OFFICE.

GEO. JOHNSTON. HARDY & GARRISON

JOHNSTON & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

California Produce

Auburn Station, Placer Co.

Mark your goods "J. & CO., Auburn Station." Send receipts to Johnston & Co. mar26,-3m

ALEXANDER BUSWELL,

PRACTICAL BOOKBINDER,

Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer,
517 Clay and 214 Commercial streets,
Between Montgomery and Sansome
San Francisco.

☞ Binding of every description neatly executed Blank Books Rule and Bound to any desired Pattern Aug. 21, 1862—1y.

IN TIME OF HEALTH

PREPARE FOR SICKNESS.—It is preposterous to think that because we are in health, disease will never overtake us. How many have gone forth in the morning and returned home to lay down upon beds of sickness for months! We would remind our readers, that, for a family medicine, nothing can equal SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP. Of Humors it is a sure exterminator. Scrofula and Cancer, Rheumatism and Neuralgia, are all cured by this magical remedy. REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. dec4-6m

DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE

LUNGS IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY CITIZENS WHOSE NAMES AND RESIDENCES WILL BE FOUND IN THE PAMPHLETS, GIVING EVIDENCE OF ASTONISHING CURES OF CONSUMPTION, BY USING THIS MEDICINE GIVE IT A TRIAL. REDINGTON & CO., AGENTS, 416 AND 418 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO. dec4-6m.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

COLDS! COUGHS!!

Brown's Bronchial Trochos

Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Influenza, any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat, relieve the Hacking Cough in Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh, clear and give strength to the voice of

PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough or "SLIGHT COLD" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. *"Brown's Bronchial Troches"* are a most valuable article, especially so at this season of the year, when *Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness* and *Sore Throat* are so prevalent. The Troches give sure and almost immediate relief. Sold by all Druggists in the United States, at 25 cents a box.

REDINGTON & CO.,
Nos. 416 and 418 Front streets,
dec4-6m San Francisco, General Agents.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff & Tobacco Manufacturer

16 & 18 CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagan.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, Fresh Scotch,
or Lundyfoot,

☞ ATTENT

ODE TO THE DEVIL.

"Perhaps it may turn out a sang,
Perhaps turn out a sermon."

[Devised and revised during the only storm known to the writer which did not clear up and leave blue sky and blessed sunshine.]

All hail to thee thou Nick-named thing,
Of ever changing hue and dress,
Of shapes and titles numberless,
Although perchance I stand alone,
I'll greet thee kindly, injured one!

Though thou *hast* erred, why have they heaped
Such endless weight of sin on thee?
Why have they loaded with a host
Of uncouth names thy majesty?
And made even babes so screech with fear
If but thy scare crow name they hear.

The harshest words that man can say
To his most bitter enemy,
Bid him to flee, poor wretch, away
To thine and thee.
And if some stigma vile they'd fling
On some poor scape-grace abject thing,
They name thy name, and when they call
Him Devil, think they've called him all
Of worst he can be called, and then
They call him Devil straight again.
And if, in any fray,
There's mischief done, they say
Thou art to pay!
As though thou hadst no debts thyself,
And had a countless store of pelf!
And even at their toil,
They persecute thee still,
And say that *thou* art in, whate'er
Goes wrong or queer!
And when they do pretend to be
Quite generous, what give they thee
But some vile miscreant whom they call thy due!
Or some untoward accident which they
For some mere courtesy's sake
Bid thee, the Devil take!
And then that condescending way,
Apology, far worse than blame,
"The Devil is not so black as he is painted."
That proverb of an ancient day,
"Not quite so bad as people say!"
'Twould make a saint forget to pray
To hear and bear such doubtful shame.

Each place that's dark and drear,
They dedicate to thee;
Each spot that's wild and lone,
Thy favorite haunt must be.
There is, I think, a Devil's Nook,
A Devil's Den, a Devil's Brook,
A Devil's Pulpit, Devil's Knoll,
A Devil's Bridge, a Devil's Peak,
A place where Devils ninepins roll,
A Devil's Foot, a Devil's Hole,
A spot where devils nightly shriek!
But time would fail me should I aim,
One half thy countless wrongs to name.

I'll tell thee what I've thought, Old Nick,
When thy hard fate I've pondered o'er,
The saints of heaven would grow awry,
With sin piled on them mountains high,
And no escape by street or door!
While wretches of the deepest dye,
When cheered by brothers good and true,
With hopeful words of sympathy,
Have sprung to health and life anew,
Brushed off their sins like morning dew,
And lived to see a fairer day!
Outlive the Past! thou anti-saint,
And make thy foes retract their say,
They betters know no better way.
All is not lost! Ignore thy sins,
And live to see a nobler day!

THE NATIONAL DEBT.—It is estimated that the National Debt of the United States, at the present time, is not less than $1,100,000,000.

DIVORCES.—During the week ending July 16th, the courts of Nevada Territory granted to wives from their husbands, five divorces. It is said that only a few of the discontented ones applied.

Fashionable circles were never so numerous as they are now. Almost every lady that appears in the streets, is the centre of one.

THE annual consumption of rice in California, is estimated at 24,000,000 pounds.

THE New Zealand gold mines are now yielding at the rate of $10,000,000 per annum.

PLATFORM

ADOPTED BY THE DEMOCRACY OE PLACER CO.

WHEREAS, All just powers of government are derived from the people; that this principle is recognized as fundamental by all American Constitutions and by the Democratic party, therefore

Resolved, That as Democrats we desire above all things else a restoration of the Union of these States under the Constitution of our Fathers; that we know or no such right as the right of secession; that Democracy recognizes no such dogma in her political creed, and has no sympathy or feeling in common with it.

Resolved, That as Democrats we at all times feel bound by our Democracy to give, and we will give, a free and unhesitating support to our Federal Government in whatever hands the reins of that Government may be, to assist its every constitutional effort to suppress rebellion and sustain itself from the assaults of its enemies, let them come from whatever quarter they may; and while we do so, we believe it is our right and our duty to watch with jealous care the rights of ourselves and of the people, and we reserve the right to condemn, and we will condemn that which our consciences as free men cannot approve. And if any party in power denies to us this right of conscience, we believe that party dangerous to the liberty of the people and shall never have our support.

Resolved, That the taking up arms against the government of the United States, as was done in the existing rebellion in the slave holding States is a paramount wrong beyond all justification, and for which no reasonable pretext can ever be pointed out. And while we cannot endorse the policy of the Administration, we conceive no right of rebels anywhere to complain thereof, until they have ceased to rebel—peace is restored; and having obtained pardon for treason, they come to claim their rights as law abiding citizens under the constitution and the laws.

Resolved, That the Constitution with its guarantees, is the only safeguard to the rights of the people; that we prefer to trust it as the production of the mature wisdom and patriotism of its framers rather than the hasty and excited impulses of party rulers; that any departure from it, be the excuse what it may, will meet our constant opposition at the ballot-box. That the plea of expediency is no just excuse for open violation of this Constitution, and in our opinion, is not only wrong but tends to weaken and destroy the union of these States and render the hope of its reconstruction impossible.

Resolved, That we denounce the principles of Southern Secession and Northern Abolitionism as twin heresies, producing only hatred, strife and bloodshed; threatening the very existence of our National Government; at enmity with every principle of Democratic Government and responsible for all the miseries of our distressed country.

Resolved, That we utterly condemn and repudiate the policy recommended by the President of taxing the white men of the free States, in addition to the enormous burdens imposed by the war, hundreds of millions of dollars to purchase and set free the negroes of the South, as wholly without warrant in the Constitution, unjust and visionary.

Resolved, That we unqualifiedly condemn the late Proclamation of the President relative to emancipation, as unwarranted by the Constitution, in violation of the solemnly-plighted faith of the Administration at the commencement of the war, and if persisted in, fatal to all hopes of a restored Union.

Resolved, That while remembering with pride the courage and gallantry of our soldiers now in the field, we tender our sympathy to the friends of those who have fallen in the defence of the Constitution and the Union.

Resolved, That the people justly view with alarm the reckless extravagance which pervades every department of the Federal Government; that a return to rigid economy and accountability indispensable to arrest the systematic plunder of the public treasury by favored partisans.

Resolved, That by the corruptions developed in the late Legislature of this State, by reckless expenditures and appropriations, by proscriptive and partizan legislation and by an evident intention to elevate the negro to citizenship, the party in power in California have shown itself unworthy of public confidence.

Resolved, That relying implicitly upon the soundness and integrity of the principles above set forth, and upon the justice and intelligence of the masses, we present this platform to the people of Placer county, and earnestly invoke the active support of all in its vindication and success, cordially inviting to a full and equal communion all those of whatever creed who recognize the justice of our cause in the doctrines we profess, and who desire to participate in their triumph.

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TO THE PEOPLE OF THE State of California, Oregon, and adjacent Territories:

THE SUBSCRIBER ONE OF YOUR EARLIEST citizens of California, and for the most of his time engaged as a Journalist, and particularly of late in a Journal devoted to the chief resources of the Pacific States, respectfully submits the following plan and proposition for the purpose of bringing hither from England, France and Germany the working classes, mechanics, artizans, miners, and metallurgists for the purpose of developing the resources of our thinly populated States and Territories, thereby reducing labor, the establishing of Factories, the occupation of the millions of acres of arrable land now lying dormant, and to work our mines. The benefit accruing to our Government—to the marine conveyances—the merchant—the manufacturer, the mining conveyances and professional community cannot but be beneficial, provided the facilities are offered to such emigrants, and according to the tenor of our laws regarding such. For these purposes the subscriber desires to seek only the necessary or pecuniary aid to take him across the Pacific and Atlantic, so that he may be enabled to lay before the people of Europe a work which he has compiled from authentic sources comprising the mineral wealth of the Pacific States, including partly Mexico, Lower California, British Columbia, &c., together with a synopsis of the climatology, agriculture, arts and manufactures, with interesting statistics of our imports and exports, and population. Also, the organic acts of our State, the local and general laws governing mining, the Preemption Act, and kindred subjects pertaining to the Pacific States. The author reserving for himself the right of translation of this work (which has cost him three years of his time to collect and compile) in the German and French languages.

He contemplates making the tour to the Atlantic States and Europe in February or March 1863, and will equip himself with the mineral materials, fossil remains, &c., and illustrate them by diagrams and discourses throughout the Atlantic States and Europe.

Such a work which your petitioner has in view cannot be published in this State without an extraordinary outlay, nor have we the materials artists, or skill in copperplate or wood engraving. The work will comprise from 400 to 500 pages, to be handsomely illustrated with colored plates, maps, &c., quarto form. The subscriber will add thereto a complete list of all the associations and companies, especially mining companies.

He goes to Europe for the purpose of seeing all the manufacturing places, machines and utensils: also to the leading mining districts and metallurgical establishments, to acquire from the best sources there the best mode of treating our rich minerals, and lay these several important features before our people through the *Mining and Scientific Press*, and the work he hereby offers. But the most important suibject in his mission is the inducements he will offer to the Europeans of our immensely rich mining fields and agricultural lands, together with the great advantages offered by a liberal and protective government for industrious citizens.

The Subscriber, therefore, calls upon the citizens in the Pacific States who have the interests of our new States nearest their heart, to aid him in thisgr and but landable undertaking with means. Each subscriber will be furnished with a copy of this work, which is designed to be useful in the counting house, to the professional man and miner. The author desires to state that whatever aid or subscription he may be furnished with by the people or this State he will refund after the publication of the work, or leave the amount to be taker. out in books.

Respectfully submitted,
JULIUS SILVERSMITH.
December 11, 1862.-tf

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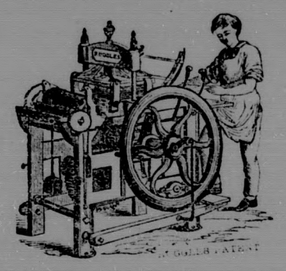

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It is the one paper for every home. Its forty columns of reading matter per week constitute an unparalleled

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The husband reads it to his wife, the mother to her children, the lover to his sweetheart, the soldier to his comrades, and the village schoolmaster to the circle around the stove. It is familiar to the sight of every man, woman, and child in our country, and has regular subscribers in several countries of Europe. THE NEW YORK MERCURY is also identified with the grandest patriotism of the age, for several members of its brilliant Staff hold high rank in our noble army, and have made themselves as famous with the Sword as with the Pen. The great illustrating artist of the NEW YORK MERCURY, the inimitable DARLEY, gives the paper the highest attributes of Fine Art; and yet this largest literary weekly of the day promises to surpass itself in all these respects during the New Year.

The first NEW YORK MERCURY Novelette for the New Year, to be commenced in the issue of January 3, 1863, is called

VICTORIA;
OR,
THE HEIRESS OF CASTLE CLIFF.

BY COUSIN MAY CARLETON,
AUTHOR OF "GIPSY GOWER," "SYBIL CAMPBELL," "ERMINE," "LA MASQUE," &c., &c.

The productions of this distinguished authoress need no eulogy. Public opinion has long since pronounced them superior to any other novelettes published on this side of the Atlantic; and the true test of their merit is found in the fact that they are eagerly reproduced, after their publication in the MERCURY, by the English press. We may add that the new tale, "Victoria," is fully equal in interest and depth of plot to either of those which have secured so large a share of public approval, and we can earnestly recommend it to all story-readers.

THE NEW YORK MERCURY is sold by all newsmen and periodical dealers in America. To subscribers, it is regularly mailed every Saturday morning, for $2 a year; three copies for $5; six copies for $9; eight copies for $12, with an extra copy, *free*, to the getter up of the club. Six months' subscriptions received. *Always write plainly the name of your Post Office, County and State.* We take the notes for all solvent banks at par. Payment must invariabaly be made in advance.

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Devoted exclusively to treatment of private diseases of whatever nature, and all diseases to which (as a sex) females are liable.

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CONSULTATION (by letter or otherwise) FREE.

THE NEAR APPROACH OF THIS ESTABlishment to the business portion of the city, and, at the same time, its retirement, renders it easy of access and assures the patient full guarantee of secresy.

Dr. J. C. Young has been a practical specialist for a period of twenty years, and for twelve years on this coast, during which time his private medical and surgical institute has been in uninterrupted successful operation, discharging cured annually upwards of five thousand patients. Cure always guaranteed or no pay required.

Long practice and thorough investigation into the causes of diseases of the urinary organs, enables Dr. Young to determine clearly, and at once, the true nature of the complaint submitted to his care, securing the patient against the dangers of delay liable, and which, alas! too often do arise from mistaken judgment; thus treating the disorder from the start with all the advantage a perfect knowledge gives.

Venereal diseases, of every class and nature, cured in the most perfect, speedy, and permanent manner, without the use of mercury in any form.

Syphilis and its adjuncts, Gonorrhœa and its accompanying diseases; all disordere of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Prostrate; Seminal Weakness; Diseases of the Heart and Lungs; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Impotency; Incipient Consumption, etc.

Persons afflicted with symptoms after having been treated, should consult Dr. Young at once, as no disease is cured unless the patient feels perfectly well. If there is a particle of disease left in the system, it will break out at some future time when least expected, or be handed down to an innocent offspring.—Persons who have been treated with mercury should be very cautious in believing that they are well for it is a scientific fact that the mercury will mingle with the venereal and form a disease a great deal worse than the original. All those who have reason to think, by bad feelings, that they have been treated thus, should consult Dr. Young, and he will examine their cases and tell them at once how they stand.—Consultation Free.

Of all the above enumerated diseases—terrible in their array, and fearful as they are in their results—the one standing preeminent amongst them for severity and destructive effects, is that most terrible of all diseases, seminal weakness, or spermatorrhœa.

Those who have become the victims of solitary vice, that dreadful, fascinating and destructive habit, which fills thousands of sick rooms with paralytics and consumptives, and hundreds of untimely graves with its misguided victims, should consult, without a moment's delay, one who will sympathize with their sufferings, and cure them for a moderate compensation.

Dr. J. C. Young would especially address himself to such, giving to each and all assurance of a perfect and permanent cure.

The young man who experiences that growing weakness in his muscular and mental organization should stop to consider whence it arises.

He will find in the weakness of the back, trembling of the limbs, disordered digestion, unaccountable failing of the powers of the mind, distaste for society, dread of impending trouble, foreboo-ings of evil, sleeplessness, troubled and lavicious dreams, accompanied by nocturnal emissions, growing deafness, loss of muscular power, and numerous other symptoms of disorganization, the positive traces of that most terrible and destructive of all diseases, seminal weakness—wasting away his powers, destroying his hope of life and manhood, and dragging him along the broken path of existence towards a premature and loathsome grave.

The intermediate steps between the commencement of this disease and its culmination in that only rest to the uncured victim—death—may be enumerated, loss of muscular power, insanity, impotency.

To him who finds his life dribbling out in the discharges of the vital principle of existence in nocturnal and diurnal emissions, the mere cessation of the causes of its appearance brings no assurance of relief.

Marriage, that holy office, the safeguard and hope of manhood, brings to such an one no hope of cure, but adds to his misery in the knowledge that the one who looks to him for so much of her happiness, is a victim of his evil and an innocent companion in his punishment. He adds to his misery and his disorder, until hope leaves him.

There is no cure except in proper and skillful treatment. Consult, then, at once, a Physician whom long practice and careful research has made thoroughly conversant with every phase of the disease.

All those who are married, or contemplate marriage, who experience any of the numerous symptoms pronouncing the presence of seminal weakness, should at once place themselves in communication with Dr. J. C. Young, **615** Commercial street, opposite U. S. Branch Mint, either by letter or personal interview, who assures them of a perfect and permanent cure, without danger of exposure or hindrance from business, it being impossible for a man's most intimate companion to discover for what he is being treated.

To those in the Interior of the State.

Who are suffering under any form of Private Disease, whether contracted from impure connections or induced by other causes, DR. YOUNG would directly address himself, informing them that they can be cured without the necessity of a journey to San Francisco.

Diseases of the heart, lungs, and liver. Dr. Young would call the attention of invalids to his course of practice in the above complaints. Throwing aside as worse than useless, as highly injurious, all forms of mercury, the Doctor relies entirely upon the *Vegetable Practice.*

Thousands of testimonials are in his hands indicating the astonishing success he has met with in the treatment of all diseases of the Heart, Lungs and Liver, on a purely Vegetable basis. The treatment calls for no confinement to the house, absence from business, nor change in diet.

The same success has marked his treatment of all Diseases of the Blood and Skin.

Invalids should address at once, (consultation free) DR. J. C. YOUNG, **165** Commercial street, opposite the Mint, San Francisco.

TO LADIES

Desirous of the advice of a Physician upon the diseases peculiar to their sex, should select one whose reputation for *success* and *skill* warrants him in the assurance of *guaranteeing* to them not only *relief* but perfect *cure.*

DR. J. C. YOUNG

Has been for a series of years a professor of the disorders of Females, and the success attendant upon his treatment has become so well known as to elicit universal approbation.

Ladies who have taken advantage of his skill enjoy *perfect immunity* from a return of their former sufferings.

☞ Communications (by letter or personal interview) perfectly confidential.

Ample Office Accommodations secures the patient against the chance of meeting other than the attendant Physician.

The celebrated Female Remedies, compounded from the private prescriptions of DR. YOUNG, have now obtained a most extended popularity, and are correctly viewed to be the *safest and surest* remedies for the complaints for which they are applied.

The constantly accruing testimonials of their efficacy declare them to be pre-eminently superior in their action.

No Lody should be without these Renovating agents.

None genuine unless procure yt his office. Sent by Mail or Express, to any part of the State.

☞ Consultation by leter or otherwise free.

THE GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE! *Preventive Powders for Married Ladies!* New, safe and infallible. The properties of this very celebrated medicine are the most extraordinary kind, preventing conception, without curtailing matrimonial privileges in the least. Most convenient for use, with full directions. Price, Ten Dollars.

FRENCH LUNAR FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—After years of use, these Pills stand unrivaled in efficacy! Guaranteed to remove *all obstructions* to which, as a sex, females are liable! No possible injury can arise from their use! Price, $5 per box.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Patients residing in any part of the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and medical advice of Dr. Young on their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred. Dr. Young takes this opportunity of observing that *all letters* are only opened and *replied to by himself*, and as promptly as possible.

The Doctor would take this occasion to assure those desirous of medical relief, that he has no connection with any other office. He is to be found only at 615 Commercial street, opposite the U. S. Branch Mint, San Francisco, where all letters must be addressed